# McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXVI

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McKean County Miner

[illegible] Proprietor

Arrival and Departure of Mails

[illegible] p. m. [illegible] and 1 30 [illegible]

[illegible] Mail leaves at 12 13 p. [illegible] arrives at 4 30 p. m. [illegible] Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday [illegible] at 1 p. m. and departs at 1 30 p. [illegible]

[illegible] before closing time. [illegible]

[illegible] WILSON P. M.

Lodge Directory

F. & A. M.

[illegible] Lodge No. 388 F. & A. M. meets on [illegible] and fourth Wednesday of each [illegible] at McKean Hall

[illegible] FOSTER, W. M.

[illegible] Sec'y

A. O. U. W.

[illegible] Lodge No. [illegible] meets every [illegible] evening of each [illegible] A. O. U. W. Hall [illegible]

[illegible] W.

[illegible] GORTON, Recorder

[illegible]

[illegible] third Wednesday evenings [illegible]

[illegible] Recorder

[illegible] Secretary

G. A. R.

[illegible] meets every Thursday evening [illegible] in the A. O. U. W. Hall,

[illegible] Com

[illegible] Adjutant

W. R. C.

[illegible] every Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. [illegible]

[illegible] MORRISON Pres.,

[illegible] Sec'y

I. O. O. F.

[illegible] every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in [illegible] Hall

A. R. LORY, N. G.

[illegible] Sec'y

K. O. T. M.

[illegible] every Monday evening at 7 30 in [illegible]

[illegible] REYNOLDS, Com

[illegible] R. K.

W. C. T. U.

[illegible] every alternate Friday afternoon at [illegible] Temperance Hall [illegible]

[illegible] A. SCULL, Pres.

[illegible] RICHMOND, Sec'y

Y. W. C. T. U.

[illegible] every Friday evening at 7 30, in Temperance [illegible]

[illegible] Pres.

[illegible] Sec'y

Knights of St. Martin and the Iron Cross.

[illegible] Hall on first and third [illegible] of the month at 7 p. m.

[illegible] WALKER, S. K. L.

[illegible], Scribe

[illegible] McCANDLESS, Warder

[illegible] Encampment, No. 273, I. O. O. F.

[illegible] first and third Wednesdays o[illegible]

[illegible] Hall

[illegible], Chief Patriarch.

[illegible] Scribe

Churches

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] every Sunday [illegible] Sunday Prayer Meeting [illegible] o'clock [illegible] evenings at 7 o'clock [illegible] evenings at 7 [illegible]

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] a. m. and 7 30 p. m. [illegible] Sunday evenings at 7 [illegible] Saturday before [illegible] at 2 o'clock p. [illegible]

[illegible] McCANDLESS, Rector [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Sunday school at 3 p. m. Services at [illegible] Smethport and [illegible]

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] Sabbath [illegible] preaching every Sunday [illegible] Prayer meeting Thursday [illegible]

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] meeting after service [illegible]

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Fresh Lime, Plaster, Cement,

Plastering Hair, Tile of all kinds, Fire and Clay brick kept constantly on hand and for sale by

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March [illegible] 1889-ly

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Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his barber shop into his recently finished room [illegible] next door [illegible] Main street, where he is prepared to do

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In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

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DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for cash.

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FIRST-CLASS QUARRY STONE

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Special attention is given to cutting Ladies' and [illegible] hair. Ladies can feel [illegible] calling at my shop, as the [illegible]

[illegible] Dandruff Cures for sale.

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## Professional Cards.

### Attorneys

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Notary Public.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on first floor of Henry Hamlin's bank building, Main St., Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. Examinations and abstracts of title, Orphans Court practice, and collections a specialty.

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**Stone, Brown & Sturgeon.**

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**Geo. A. Berry.**

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Rooms 1 and 2, Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford, Pa.

BYRON D. HAMLIN  JOHN FORREST

**Hamlin & Forrest**

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**Robert H. Rose.**

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR. Office over H. Hamlin's Banking Office, Smethport, Pa.

**Sheridan Gorton.**

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Office in Thomas Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

**H. L. Keenan.**

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Chaloner House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

**F. Ford**

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

**J. K. Wallace.**

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bradford, Pa. Claims promptly collected.

M. McSWEENEY  S. B. BYLES.

**McSweeney & Byles.**

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Room Producers Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

**Mullin & McClure.**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Corner Main and Pine Sts, Bradford, Pa.

**James C. Boyce.**

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND COUNSELOR IN PATENT CAUSES. Office Room 5, Cor Main & Webster Sts, Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

**E. R. Mayo.**

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Gleason Block, Smethport, Pa.

**P. R. Cotter.**

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Eldred, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

### Physicians

**S. I. Wells, M. D.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at the Drug Store of H. C. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

**H. L. McCoy.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in E. B. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

**S. D. Freeman.**

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**Dr. Burg Chadwick.**

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This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

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Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.

On the European Plan.

Newly refitted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.

Dec 1? 1888.

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J. BAKER & SONS,

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WINDOW & DOOR FRAMES,

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Done in a first-class manner and on short notice.

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Builders will do well to call on us for their lumber as we can furnish all kinds in short order at reasonable prices.

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To this branch of our business we will devote special attention. None but skilled workmen are employed, and we guarantee satisfaction.

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DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

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Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.

*Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.*

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RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phil'a, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 30 tf.

## THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

### Principal Features of Mr. Harrison's Long Address to Congress.

TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

There are few transactions in the administration of the government that are even temporarily held in the confidence of those charged with the conduct of the public business. Every step taken is under the observance of an intelligent and watchful people. The state of the Union is known from day to day and suggestions as to needed legislation find an earlier voice than that which speaks in the annual communications of the president to congress.

Good will and cordiality have characterized our relations and correspondence with other governments and the year just closed leaves few international questions of importance remaining unadjusted. No obstacle is believed to exist that can long postpone the consideration and adjustment of the still pending questions upon satisfactory and honorable terms. The dealings of this government with other states have been and should always be marked by frankness and sincerity, our purposes avowed and our methods free from intrigue. This course has borne rich fruit in the past and it is our duty as a nation to preserve the heritage of good repute which a century of right dealing with foreign governments has secured to us.

It is a matter of high significance and no less of congratulation that the first year of the second century of our constitutional existence finds, as honored guests within our borders, the representatives of all the

**Independent States**

of North and South America met together in conference touching the best methods of perpetuating and expanding the relations of mutual interest and friendliness existing among them. That the opportunity thus afforded for promoting closer international relations and the increased prosperity of the states represented will be used for the mutual good of all I cannot doubt. Our people will await with interest and confidence the results to flow from so auspicious a meeting of allied and, in large part, identical interests.

The recommendations of this international conference of statesmen will doubtless have the considerate attention of congress, and its co-operation in the removal of

**Unnecessary Barriers**

to beneficial intercourse between the nations of America. But while the commercial results, which it is hoped will follow this conference, are worthy of pursuit and of the great interest they have excited it is believed that the crowning benefit will be found in the better securities which may be devised for the maintenance of peace among all American nations and the settlement of all contentions by methods a christian civilization can approve.

An international conference having great possibilities for good has lately assembled and is now in session in this capital. An invitation was extended by the government under the act of congress of July 9, 1888, to all the maritime nations to send delegates to confer touching the revision and amendment of the rules and regulations governing vessels at sea and to adopt a uniform system of marine signals. The response to this invitation has been very general and very cordial. Delegates from

**Twenty-six Nations**

are present in the conference and they have entered upon their useful work with great zeal and with an evident appreciation of its importance. So far as the agreement to be reached may require legislation to give it effect the co-operation of congress is confidently relied upon. It is an interesting if not an

**Unprecedented Fact**

that the two international conferences have brought together here the accredited representatives of thirty-three nations.

Bolivia, Ecuador and Honduras are now represented by resident envoys of the plenipotentiary grade. All the states of the American system now maintain diplomatic representatives at this capital. In this connection it may be noted that all the nations of the Western hemisphere, with one exception, send to Washington envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary, being the highest grade accredited to this government. The United States, on the contrary, sends envoys of

**Lower Grade**

to some of our sister republics. Our representative in Paraguay and Uruguay is a minister resident, while to Bolivia we send a minister resident and consul general. In view of the importance of our relations with the states of the American system our diplomatic agents in those countries should be of the uniform rank of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary. Certain missions were so elevated by the last congress with happy effect and I recommend the completion of the reform thus begun with the inclusion of Hawaii and Hayti in view of their relations to the American system of states.

I also recommend that timely provision be made for extending to Hawaii an invitation to be represented in the international conference now sitting at this capital.

Our relations with China have the attentive consideration which their magnitude and interest demand. The failure of the treaty negotiated under the administration of my predecessor for the further and more complete restriction of Chinese labor immigration and with it, the legislation of the last session of congress dependent thereon, leave some questions open which congress should now approach in that wise and just spirit which should characterize the relations of two great and friendly powers. While our supreme interests demand the exclusion of a laboring element which experience has shown to be incompatible with our social life and all steps to compass this imperative need should be accompanied with a recognition of the claim of those strangers now lawfully among us to humane and just treatment. The accession of the young emperor of China marks, we may hope, an era of progress and prosperity for the great country over which he is called to rule.

The present state of affairs in respect to the Samoan Islands is encouraging. The conference which was held in this city in the summer of 1887 between the representatives of the United States, Germany and Great Britain having been adjourned because of the persistent divergence of views which was developed in its deliberations, the subsequent course of events in the islands gave rise to questions of a serious character. On the 4th of February last the German minister at this capital, in behalf of his government, proposed a resumption of the conference at Berlin. This proposition was accepted, as congress in February last was informed.

Pursuant to the understanding thus reached, commissioners were appointed by me, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, who proceeded to Berlin, where the conference was renewed. The deliberations resulted in the conclusion of a treaty which will be submitted to the senate for its approval. I trust that the efforts which have been made to effect an adjustment of this question will be productive of the permanent establishment of law and order in Samoa upon the basis of the maintenance of the rights and interests of the natives as well as of the treaty powers.

The questions which have arisen during the past few years between Great Britain and the United States are in abeyance or in course of amicable adjustment. On the part of the government of the Dominion of Canada an effort has been apparent during the season just ended to administer the laws and regulations applicable to the fisheries with as little occasion for friction as was possible, and the temperate representations of this government in respect of cases of undue hardship or of harsh interpretation have been in most cases met with measures of transitory relief.

It is trusted that the attainment of our just rights under existing treaties and in virtue of the concurrent legislation of the two contiguous countries will not be long deferred and that all existing causes of difference may be equitably adjusted. I recommend that provision be made by an international agreement for visibly marking the water boundary between the United States and Canada in the narrow channels that join the great lakes. The conventional line therein traced by the northwestern boundary survey years ago, is not in all cases readily ascertainable for the settlement of jurisdictional questions.

A just and acceptable enlargement of the

**List of Offenses**

for which extradition may be claimed and granted is most desirable between this country and Great Britain. The territory of neither should become a secure harbor for the evil doers of the other through any avoidable shortcoming in this regard. A new treaty on this subject between the two powers has been recently negotiated and will soon be laid before the senate.

The importance of the commerce with Cuba and Porto Rico with the United States, their nearest and principal market, justifies the expectation that the existing relations may be beneficially expanded. The impediments resulting from varying dues on navigation and from the vexatious treatment of our vessels on merely technical grounds of complaint in West India ports should be removed.

The progress toward the adjustment of pending claims between the United States and Spain is not as rapid as could be desired.

In pursuance of the charter granted by congress, and under the terms of its contract with the government of Nicaragua the Inter-oceanic Canal company has begun the construction of the important waterway between the two oceans which its organization contemplates. Grave complications for a time seemed imminent in view of a supposed conflict of jurisdiction between Nicaragua and Costa Rica in regard to the accessory privileges to be conceded by the latter republic toward the construction of works on the San Juan river, of which the right bank is Costa Rican territory. I am happy to learn that a friendly arrangement has been effected between the two nations.

The traditional good feeling between this country and the French republic has received additional testimony in the participation of our government and people in the international exposition held at Paris during the past summer. The success of our exhibitors has been gratifying. The report of the commission will be laid before congress in due season.

This government has accepted, under proper reserve as to its policy in foreign territories, the invitation of the government of Belgium to take part in an international congress, which opened at Brussels on the 16th of November, for the purpose of devising measures to promote the abolition of the slave trade in Africa, and to prevent the shipment of slaves by sea.

With Germany the most cordial relations continue. The questions arising from the return to the empire of Germans naturalized in this country are considered and disposed of in a temperate spirit to the entire satisfaction of both governments. It is a source of great satisfaction that the internal disturbances of the republic of Hayti are at last happily ended, and that an apparently stable government has been constituted. It has been duly recognized by the United States.

A mixed commission is now in session in this capital for the settlement of long standing claims against the republic of Venezuela, and it is hoped that a satisfactory conclusion will be speedily reached.

The advancement of the empire of Japan has been evidenced by the recent promulgation of a new constitution, containing valuable guarantees of liberty, and providing for a responsible ministry to conduct the government.

It is earnestly recommended that our judicial rights and processes in Corea be established on a firm basis by providing the machinery necessary to carry out treaty stipulations in that regard.

A discussion is in progress touching the jurisdictional treaty rights of the United States in Turkey. An earnest effort will be made to define those rights to the satisfaction of both governments.

Questions continue to arise in our relations with several countries in respect to the rights of naturalized citizens. Especially is this the case with France, Italy, Russia and Turkey, and to a less extent with Switzerland. From time to time efforts have been made to regulate this subject by conventions with those countries. An

**Improper Use**

of naturalization should not be permitted, but it is most important that those who have been duly naturalized should everywhere be accorded recognition of the rights pertaining to the citizenship of the country of their adoption. The appropriateness of special conventions for that purpose is recognized in treaties which this government has concluded with a number of European states, and it is advisable that the difficulties which now arise in our relations with other countries on the same subject should be similarly adjusted.

The recent

**Revolution in Brazil**

in favor of the establishment of a republican form of government is an event of great interest to the United States. Our minister at Rio de Janeiro was at once instructed to maintain friendly diplomatic relations with the provisional government, and the Brazilian representatives at the capital were instructed by the provisional government to continue their functions. Our friendly intercourse with Brazil has, therefore, suffered no interruption. Our minister has been further instructed to extend on the part of this government a formal and

**Cordial Recognition**

of the new republic so soon as the majority of the people of Brazil shall have signified their assent to its establishment and maintenance.

Within our borders a

**General Condition of Prosperity**

prevails. The harvests of the last summer were exceptionally abundant and the trade conditions now prevailing seem to promise a successful season to the merchant and the manufacturer and general employment to our working people.

The report of the secretary of the treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, has been prepared and will be presented to congress. It presents with clearness the fiscal operations of the government, and I avail myself of it to obtain some facts for use here. The aggregate receipts from all sources for the year were $387,050,058.84, derived as follows: From customs, $223,832,741.69; from internal revenue, $130,881,513.92; from miscellaneous sources, $32,335,803.23. The ordinary expenditures for the same period were $281,996,615.60, and the total expenditures including the sinking fund were $329,579,929.25. The excess of receipts over expenditures was, after providing for the sinking fund, $57,470,129.59. For the current fiscal year the total revenues, actual and estimated, are $385,000,000, and the ordinary expenditures, actual and estimated, are $293,000,000, making with the sinking fund a total expenditure of $341,321,116.99, leaving an estimated surplus of $43,678,883.01.

During the fiscal year there was applied to the purchase of bonds, in addition to those for the sinking fund, $90,456,172.35, and during the first quarter of the current year the sum of $37,838,937.77, all of which were credited to the sinking fund. The revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, are estimated by the treasury department at $385,000,000, and the expenditures for the same period, including the sinking fund, at $341,430,477.70. This shows an estimated surplus for that year of $43,569,522.30, which is more likely to be increased than reduced when the actual transactions are written up.

The existence of so

**Large an Actual**

anticipated surplus should have the immediate attention of congress, with a view to reducing the receipts of the treasury to the needs of the government as closely as may be. The collection of moneys not needed for public uses imposes an unnecessary burden upon our people, and the presence of so large a surplus in the public vaults is a disturbing element in the conduct of private business. It has called into use expedients for putting it into circulation of very

**Questionable Propriety.**

We should not collect revenue for the purpose of anticipating our bonds, beyond the requirements of the sinking fund, but any unappropriated surplus in the treasury should be so used, as there is no other lawful way of returning the money to circulation, and the profit realized by the government offers a substantial advantage. The loaning of public funds to the banks without interest, upon the security of government bonds, I regard as an

**Unauthorized and Dangerous**

expedient. It results in a temporary and unnatural increase of the banking capital of favored localities and compels a cautious and gradual recall of the deposits to avoid injury to the commercial interests. It is not to be expected that the banks having these bonds will sell their bonds to the treasury so long as the present highly beneficial arrangement is continued. They now practically get interest both upon the bonds and their proceeds. No further use should be made of this method of getting the surplus into circulation, and the deposits now outstanding should be gradually withdrawn and applied to the purchase of bonds. It is fortunate that such a use can be made of the existing surplus, and for some time to come of any casual surplus that may exist, until congress has taken the necessary steps for a reduction of the revenue. Such legislation should be promptly, but very considerably, enacted.

I recommend a

**Revision of Our Tariff Law,**

both in its administrative features and in the schedules. The need of the former is generally conceded, and an agreement upon the evils and inconveniences to be remedied and the best methods for their correction will probably not be difficult. Uniformity of valuation at all our ports is essential and effective measures should be taken to secure it. It is equally desirable that questions affecting rates and classifications should be promptly decided. The preparation of a new schedule of customs duties is a matter of great delicacy because of its direct effect upon the business of the country and of great difficulty by reason of the wide divergence of opinion as to the objects that may properly be promoted by such legislation. Some disturbance of business may perhaps result from the consideration of this subject by congress, but this temporary ill effect will be reduced to the minimum by prompt action and by the assurance which the country already enjoys that any necessary changes will be so made as not to impair the just and reasonable protection of our home industries. The inequalities of the law should be adjusted, but the

**Protective Principle**

should be maintained and fairly applied to the products of our farms as well as of our shops. These duties necessarily have relation to other things besides the public revenues. We cannot limit their effects by fixing our eyes on the public treasury alone. They have a direct relation to home production, to work, to wages, and to the commercial independence of our country and the wise and patriotic legislator should enlarge the field of his vision to include all these. The necessary reduction in our public revenues can, I am sure, be made without making the smaller burden more onerous than the larger by reason of the disabilities and limitations which the process of reduction puts upon both capital and labor.

**The Free List**

can very safely be extended by placing thereon articles that do not offer injurious competition to such domestic products as our home labor can supply. The removal of the internal tax upon tobacco would relieve an important agricultural product from a burden which was imposed only because our revenue from customs duties was insufficient for the public needs. If safe provision against fraud can be devised, the removal of the tax upon spirits used in the arts and in manufactures would also offer an unobjectionable method of reducing the surplus.

It is probable that the adoption of the suggestions made by the comptroller of the currency, viz. that the minimum deposit of bonds for the establishment of banks be reduced and that an issue of notes to the par value of the bonds be allowed, would help to maintain the bank circulation. But while withdrawal of this bank notes has been going on, there has been a large increase in the amount of gold and silver coin in circulation and in the issues of gold and silver certificates. * * *

The evil anticipations which have accompanied the coinage and use of the silver dollar have not been realized. As a coin it has not had general use and the public treasury has been compelled to store it. But this is manifestly owing to the fact that its paper representative is more convenient. The general acceptance and use of the silver certificate shows the silver has not been otherwise discredited. Some favorable conditions have contributed to maintain this practical equality in their commercial use between the gold and silver dollars. But some of these are trade conditions that statutory enactments do not control and of the continuance of which we cannot be certain. I think it is clear that if we should make the coinage of silver at the present ratio free we must expect that the difference in the bullion values of the gold and silver dollars will be taken account of in commercial transactions, and I fear the same result would follow any considerable increase of the present rate of coinage. Such a result would be discreditable to our financial management and disastrous to all business interests. We should not

**Tread the Dangerous Edge**

of such a peril and indeed nothing more harmful could happen to the silver interests. Any safe legislation upon this subject must secure the equality of the two coins in their commercial uses. I have always been an advocate of the use of silver in our currency. We are large producers of that metal and should not discredit it. At a later day I may communicate further with congress upon this subject.

**The Enforcement**

of the Chinese exclusion act has been found to be very difficult on the Northwestern frontier. Chinamen, landing at Victoria, find it easy to pass our border owing to the impossibility with the force at the command of the customs officers, of guarding so long an inland line. The secretary of the treasury has authorized the employment of additional officers who will be assigned to this duty and every effort will be made to enforce the law. The Dominion exacts a head tax of $50 for each Chinaman landed, and when these persons, in fraud of our law, cross into our territory and are apprehended our officers do not know what to do with them as the Dominion authorities will not suffer them to be sent back without a second payment of the tax. An effort will be made to reach an understanding that will remove this difficulty.

The proclamation required by section 3 of the act of March 2, 1889, relating to the

**Killing of Seals**

and other fur bearing animals was issued by me on the 21st day of March, and a revenue vessel was dispatched to enforce the laws and protect the interests of the United States. The establishment of a refuge station at Point Barrow, as directed by congress, was successfully accomplished.

Judged by modern standards we are practically

**Without Coast Defenses.**

Many of the structures we have would increase rather than diminish the perils of their garrisons if subjected to the fire of improved guns, and very few are so located as to give full effect to the greater range of such guns as we are now making for coast defense uses. This general subject has had consideration in congress for some years and the appropriation for the construction of large rifled guns, made one year ago, was, I am sure, the expression of a purpose to provide suitable works in which these guns might be mounted. An appropriation now made for that purpose would not advance the completion of the works beyond our ability to supply them with fairly effective guns.

The security of our coast cities against foreign attack should not rest altogether in the

**Friendly Disposition**

of other nations. There should be a second line wholly in our own keeping. I very urgently recommend an appropriation at this session for the construction of such works in our most exposed harbors.

I approve the suggestion of the secretary of war that provisions be made for

**Encamping Companies**

of the National Guard in our coast works for a specified time each year and for their training in the use of heavy guns. His suggestion that an increase of the artillery force of the army is desirable is also in this connection commended to the consideration of congress.

The improvement of our important

**Rivers and Harbors**

should be promoted by the necessary appropriations. Care should be taken that the government is not committed to the prosecution of works not of public and general advantage, and that the relative usefulness of works of that class is not overlooked.

So far as this work can ever be said to be completed, I do not doubt that the end would be sooner or more economically reached if fewer separate works were undertaken at the same time, and those selected for their greater general interest were more rapidly pushed to completion. A work once considerably begun should not be subjected to the risks and deterioration which interrupted or insufficient appropriations necessarily occasion.

The assault made by David S. Terry upon the person of Justice Field of the supreme court of the United States, at Lathrop, Cal., in August last, and the killing of the assailant by a United States marshal, who had been deputed to accompany Justice Field and to protect him from anticipated violence at the hands of Terry, in connection with the legal proceedings which have followed, suggest questions which in my judgment, are worthy of the attention of congress. I recommend that more definite provision be made by law, not only for the protection of federal officers but for a full trial of such cases in the United States courts. In recommending such legislation I do not at all impeach either the general adequacy of the provision made by the state laws for the protection of all citizens or the general good disposition of those charged with the execution of such laws to give protection to the officers of the United States. The duty of protecting its officers as such and of punishing those who assault them on account of their official acts should not be devolved expressly or by acquiescence upon the local authorities.

Events which have been brought to my attention happening in other parts of the country have also suggested the propriety of extending by legislation fuller protection to those who may be called as witnesses in the courts of the United States. The law compels those who are supposed to have knowledge of public offenses to attend upon our courts and grand juries and to give evidence. There is a manifest resulting duty that these witnesses shall be protected from injury on account of their testimony. The investigations of criminal offenses are often rendered futile and the punishment of crime impossible by the intimidation of witnesses.

The necessity of providing some more speedy methods for disposing of the cases which now come for a final adjudication to the supreme court becomes every year more apparent and urgent. The plan of providing some intermediate court having final appellate jurisdiction of certain classes of questions and cases, has, I think, received a more general approval from the bench and bar of the country than any other. Without attempting to discuss details, I recommend that provision be made for the establishment of such courts.

The salaries of the judges of the district courts in many of the districts are, in my judgment inadequate. I recommend that all such salaries now below $5,000 per annum be increased to that amount.

Earnest attention should be given by congress to a consideration of the question how far the restraint of those combinations of capital commonly called

**"Trusts"**

is a matter of federal jurisdiction. When organized as they often are, to crush out all healthy competition and to monopolize the production or sale of an article of commerce and general necessity they are dangerous conspiracies against the public good and should be made the subject of prohibitory and even penal legislation.

The subject of an international copyright has been frequently commended to the attention of congress by my predecessors. The enactment of such a law would be eminently wise and just.

Our naturalization laws should be so revised as to make the inquiry into the moral character and good disposition towards our government of the persons applying for citizenship more thorough. This can only be done by taking fuller control of the examination, by fixing the time for hearing such applications and by requiring the presence of some one who shall represent the government in the inquiry. Those who are the avowed enemies of social order or who come to our shores to swell the injurious influence and to extend the evil practices of any association that defies our laws, should not only be denied citizenship but a domicile.

The enactment of a national bankrupt law of a character to be a permanent part of our general legislation is desirable. It should be simple in its methods and inexpensive in its administrations.

The report of the

**Postmaster General**

contains many valuable suggestions for the improvement and extension of the service, which are commended to your attention.

The plan suggested of a supervision of the postoffices in separate districts that shall involve instruction and suggestion and a rating of the efficiency of the postmasters would, I have no doubt, greatly improve the service.

A pressing necessity exists for the erection of a building for the joint use of the department and of the city postoffice. The building used by the city office never was fit for the purpose, and is now inadequate and unwholesome.

The unsatisfactory condition of the law relating to the transmission through the mails of lottery advertisements and remittances is clearly stated by the postmaster general, and his suggestion as to amendments should have your favorable consideration.

The report of the

**Secretary of the Navy**

shows a reorganization of the bureaus of the department that will, I do not doubt, promote the efficiency of each. In general, satisfactory progress has been made in the construction of the new ships of war authorized by congress. The first vessel of the navy the Dolphin, was subjected to very severe trial tests and to very much adverse criticism. But it is gratifying to be able to state that a cruise around the world from which she has recently returned, has demonstrated that she is a first-class vessel of her rate.

The report of the secretary shows that while the effective force of the navy is rapidly increasing by reason of the improved build and armament of the new ships, the number of our ships fit for sea duty grows very slowly. We had on the 4th of March last thirty-seven serviceable ships and though four have since been added to the list, the total has not been increased, because, in the meantime four have been lost or condemned. Twenty-six additional vessels have been authorized and appropriated for, but it is probable that when these are completed our list will only be increased to forty-two, a gain of five. The old wooden ships are disappearing almost as fast as the new vessels are added. These facts carry their own argument. One of the new ships may, in fighting strength be equal to two of the old, but it cannot do the cruising duty of two. It is important, therefore, that we should have

**A More Rapid Increase**

in the number of serviceable ships. I concur in the recommendation of the secretary that the construction of eight armored ships, three gun boats and five torpedo boats be authorized.

The report of the secretary of the interior exhibits the transactions of the government with the Indian tribes. Substantial progress has been made in the education of the children of school age and in the allotment of lands to adult Indians. It is to be regretted that the policy of breaking up the tribal relation and in dealing with the Indian as an individual did not appear earlier in our legislation. Large reservations, held in common, and the maintenance of the authority of the chiefs and headmen have deprived the individual of every incentive to the exercise of thrift, and the annuity has contributed an affirmative impulse toward a state of confirmed pauperism.

Our treaty stipulations should be observed with fidelity and our legislation should be highly considerate of the best interests of an ignorant and helpless people. The reservations are now generally surrounded by white settlements. We can no longer push the Indian back into the wilderness and it remains only by every suitable agency to push him up into the estate of a self-supporting and responsible citizen. For the adult the first step is to locate him upon a farm, and for the child to place him in a school.

[Here follows a detailed history of recent negotiations and treaties with various tribes, which resulted in the acquisition of large tracts of land, and recommends immediate bestowal of territorial functions upon Oklahoma.]

The manifest purpose of the

**Homestead and Pre-emption**

laws was to promote the settlement of the public domain by persons having a bona-fide intent to make a home upon the selected lands. Where this intent is well established and the requirements of the requirements of the law substantially complied with, the claimant is entitled to a prompt and friendly consideration of his case. But where there is reason to believe that the claimant is the mere agent of another, who is seeking to evade a law intended to promote small holdings, and to secure by fraudulent methods large tracts of timber and other lands, both principal and agent should not only be thwarted in their fraudulent purpose, but should be made to feel the full penalties of our criminal statutes. The laws should be so administered as not to confound these two classes, and to visit penalties only upon the latter.

**Pension Matters.**

The law now provides a pension for every soldier and sailor who was mustered into the service of the United States during the civil war and is now suffering from wounds or disease having an origin in the service and in the line of duty. Two of the three necessary facts, viz, muster and disability, are usually susceptible of easy proof, but the third, origin in the service, is often difficult and in many deserving cases impossible to establish. That very many of those who endured the hardships of our most bloody and arduous campaigns are now disabled from diseases that had a real but not traceable origin in the service I do not doubt. Besides these there is another class composed of many who served an enlistment of three full years, and of re-enlisted veterans who added a fourth year of service, who escaped the casualties of battle and the assaults of disease, who were always ready for any detail, who were in every battle line of their command and were mustered out in sound health and have since the close of the war, while fighting with the same indomitable and independent spirit the contests of civil life, been overcome by disease or casualty.

I am not unawaware that the pension-roll already involves a very large annual expenditure, neither am I deterred by that fact from recommending that congress

**Grant a Pension**

to such honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the civil war as, having rendered substantial service during the war are now dependent upon their own labor for a maintenance, and by disease or casualty are incapacitated from earning it. Many of the men who would be included in this form of relief are now dependent upon public charity and it does not, in my judgment, consist with the national honor that they shall continue to subsist upon the local relief given indiscriminately to paupers instead of upon the special and generous provision of the nation they served so gallantly and unselfishly. Our people will, I am sure, very generally approve such legislation. And I am equally sure that the survivors of the Union army will feel a grateful sense of relief when this worthy and suffering class of their comrades is fairly cared for.

There are some manifest inequalities in the existing law that should be remedied. To some of these the secretary of the interior has called attention.

It is gratifying to be able to state that by the adoption of new and better methods in the war department the calls of the pension office for information as to the military and hospital records of pension claimants are now promptly answered, and the injurious and vexatious delays that have heretofore occurred are entirely avoided. This will greatly facilitate the adjustment of all pending claims.

The advent of

**Four New States,**

South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana and Washington, into the union under the constitution in the same month, and the admission of their duly chosen representatives to our national congress at the same session, is an event as unexampled as it is interesting. Each of those states has within it resources the development of which will employ the energies of, and yield a comfortable subsistence to a great population.

The attention of the interstate commerce commission has been called to the urgent need of congressional legislation for the better protection of the lives and limbs of those engaged in operating the great interstate freight lines of the country, and especially of the yardmen and brakemen. A petition, signed by nearly ten thousand railway brakemen, was presented to the commission asking that steps might be taken to bring about the use of automatic brakes and couplers for freight cars. At a meeting of state railroad commissioners and their accredited representatives, held at Washington in March last upon the invitation of the interstate commerce commission, a resolution was unanimously adopted urging the commission "to consider what can be done to prevent the loss of life and limb in coupling and uncoupling freight cars and in handling the brakes of such cars."

The creation of an executive department to be known as the department of agriculture was a wise and timely response to a request which had long been respectfully urged by the farmers. But much remains to be done to perfect the organization of the department so that it may fairly realize the expectations which its creation excited. In this connection attention is called to the suggestions contained in the report of the secretary, which are herewith submitted.

I recommend that the weather service be

**Separated from the War**

department and established as a bureau in the department of agriculture. This will involve an entire reorganization both of the weather bureau and of the signal corps, making of the first a purely civil organization and of the latter a purely military staff corps. The report of the chief signal officer shows that the work of the corps on its military side has been deteriorating.

In execution of the power conferred upon me by the act making appropriations for the expenses of the District of Columbia for the year ending June 30, 1890, I appointed three eminent sanitary engineers to examine and report upon the system of sewerage existing in the District of Columbia. Their report, which is not yet completed, will be in due course submitted to congress. The report of the commissioner of the district is herewith transmitted and the attention of congress is called to the suggestions contained therein.

The proposition to observe the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by the opening of a world's fair or exposition in some one of our great cities will be presented for the consideration of congress. The value and interest of such an exposition may well claim the promotion of the general government.

On the 4th of March last the civil service commission had but a single member. The vacancies were filled on the 7th day of May, and since then the commissioners have been industriously, though with an inadequate force, engaged in executing the law. They were assured by me that a cordial support would be given them in the faithful and impartial enforcement of the statute and of the rules and regulations adopted in aid of it.

The purpose of the civil service law was absolutely to exclude any other consideration in connection with appointments under it than that of merit, as tested by the examinations. The business proceeds upon the theory that both the examining boards and the appointing officers are

**Absolutely Ignorant**

as to the political views and associations of all persons on the civil service lists. It is not too much to say, however, that some recent congressional investigations have somewhat shaken public confidence in the impartiality of the selections for appointment.

The reform of the civil service will make no safe or satisfactory advance until the present law and its equal administration are well established in the confidence of the people. It will be my pleasure as it is my duty to see that the law is executed with firmness and impartiality. If some of its provisions have been fraudulently evaded by appointing officers our resentment should not suggest the repeal of the law, but reform in its administration. We should have one view of the matter and hold it with a sincerity that is not affected by the consideration that the party to which we belong is for the time in power.

I recommend that additional clerks asked by the commission be appropriated for.

The duty of appointment is devolved by the constitution or by the law, and the appointing officers are properly held to a high responsibility in its exercise. The growth of the country and the consequent increase of the civil list have magnified this function of the executive disproportionately. It cannot be denied, however, that the labor connected with this necessary work is increased often to the point of actual distress by the sudden and excessive demands that are made upon an incoming administration for removals and appointments.

But on the other hand it is not true that incumbency is a conclusive argument for a continuance in office. Impartiality, moderation, fidelity to public duty, and a good attainment in the discharge of it must be added before the argument is complete. When those holding administrative offices so conduct themselves as to convince just political opponents that no party consideration or bias affects in any way the discharge of their public duties, we can more easily stay the demand for removals.

I am satisfied that both in and out of the classified service great benefit would accrue from the adoption of some system by which the officer would receive the distinction and benefit that in all private employments comes from exceptional faithfulness and efficiency in the performance of duty. I have suggested to the heads of the executive departments that they consider whether a record might not be kept in each bureau of all those elements that are covered by the terms "faithfulness" and "efficiency" and a rating made, showing the relative merits of the clerks of each class, this rating to be regarded as a test of merit in making promotions.

I have also suggested to the postmaster general that he adopt some plan by which he can, upon the basis of the reports to the department and of frequent inspections, indicate the relative merit of postmasters of each class. They will be appropriately indicated in the official register and the report of the department. That a great stimulus would thus be given to the whole service I do not doubt, and such a record would be the best defense against inconsiderate removals from office.

The interest of the general government in the education of the people found an early expression not only in the thoughtful and sometimes warning utterances of our ablest statesmen, but in liberal appropriations from the common resources for the support of education in the new states. No one will deny that it is of the gravest national concern that those who hold the ultimate control of all public affairs should have the necessary intelligence wisely to direct and determine them. National aid to education has heretofore taken the form of land grants and in that form the constitutional power of congress to promote the education of the people is not seriously questioned when the form is changed so that of a direct grant of money from the public treasury. Such aid should be, as it always has been, suggested by some exceptional conditions.

The sudden emancipation of the slaves of the South, the bestowal of the suffrage which soon followed, and the impairment of the ability of states where these new citizens were chiefly found to adequately provide educational facilities, presents not only exceptional but unexampled conditions. That the situation has been much ameliorated there is no doubt. The ability and interest of the states have happily increased. But a great work remains to be done, and I think the general government should lend its aid.

As the suggestion of a national grant in aid of education grows chiefly out of the condition and needs of the emancipated slave and his descendants, the relief should, as far as possible, while necessarily proceeding upon some general lines, be applied to the need that suggested it. It is essential if much good is to be accomplished, that the sympathy and active interest of the people of the states should be enlisted and that the methods adopted should be such as to stimulate and not to supplant local taxation for school purposes.

The president here eulogizes the advancement made by the colored people since they were emancipated and the deprivation of rights to which they are now subjected, and suggests that although the communities in which they dwell are conceded to have the right to work out a solution of the race problem, still the general government is justified in inquiring whether they are at work on the question and continues:

I earnestly invoke the attention of congress to the consideration of such measures within its well-defined constitutional powers as will secure to all our people a free exercise of the right of suffrage and every other civil right under the constitution and laws of the United States. No evil, however deplorable, can justify the assumption, either on the part of the executive or of congress, of powers not granted, and both will be highly blamable if all the powers granted are not wisely but firmly used to correct these evils.

There is nothing more justly humiliating to the national pride and nothing more hurtful to the national prosperity than the inferiority of our merchant marine compared with that of other nations whose general resources, wealth and sea-coast lines do not suggest any reason for their supremacy.

I recommend that such appropriations be made for

**Ocean Mail Service**

in American steamships between our ports and those of Central and South America, China, Japan and the important islands in both of the great oceans, as will be liberally remunerative for the service rendered and as well encourage the establishment and in some fair degree equalize the chances of American steamship lines in the competitions which they must meet. That the American states lying south of us will cordially co-operate in establishing and maintaining such lines of steamships to their principal ports, I do not doubt.

We should also make provision for a naval reserve to consist of such merchantships of American construction and of a specified tonnage and speed, as the owners will consent to place at the use of the government, in case of need, as armed cruisers.

The legislation which I have suggested, it is sincerely believed will promote the peace and honor of our country and the prosperity and security of our people. I invoke the diligent and serious attention of congress to the consideration of these and such other measures as may be presented having the same great end in view.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

### A Political Prison.

The conciergerie was the prison of the Palace of Justice, in Paris. During the Reign of Terror, the prisoners were confined here before being sent to the guillotine. Two hundred and eighty-eight prisoners were killed here by the mob in September, 1792. It was from here that the fatal carts took their daily loads to the guillotine. Here Marie Antoinette was confined from Aug 1, 1793, until her execution, Oct. 26. Here Malesherbes, Bailly, Madame Roland, Danton, and also Robespierre and seventeen followers, were confined before being taken to execution. Napoleon III was imprisoned here after the failure of the attempt on Boulogne. The prison is now used for the temporary confinement of criminals.

### The Cologne Cathedral.

This superb edifice holds the first rank among German cathedrals, and is one of the most magnificent buildings in the world. It was, according to the common belief, begun in 1248, and progressed slowly till the Sixteenth century, when work upon it was for a time abandoned. It fell more and more into decay until Frederick William IV began its restoration. It was consecrated 600 years after its foundation. Work upon this edifice has been vigorously prosecuted within the last few years, and it is now completed. Externally, its double range of stupendous flying buttresses, and intervening piers bristling with a forest of purpled pinnacles, strike the beholder with awe and astonishment.

### Newspaper Statistics.

There are 1,554 daily and 12,791 weekly newspapers published in the United States and Canada. There are 875 religious weeklies, counting the Roman Catholic Sunday papers and the Mormon weekly. The Sunday editions of the daily papers on the average have a circulation about half as large again as the daily editions. In 1887 4,631 books were published in the United States, of these 1,284, rather more than 27 per cent., were fiction.

### Origin of Baseball.

Baseball was evolved from the English game of "rounders." It first appeared in the Atlantic coast cities in the form of an improved phase of rounders known as "townball," and about the oldest townball club in the country was the Olympic, of Philadelphia, organized in 1833. An advance from townball to baseball began to be made about 1842, and on Sept. 23, 1845, the Knickerbocker Baseball club adopted its first playing rules.

### "Blatherskite."

The word "blatherskite" in its origin is Scotch, being composed of the Scotch blather, blether, equivalent to the German bladdern, to talk nonsense, and skate, corrupted into skite, a term of contempt. The original meaning was "one who talks nonsense in a blustering manner." From this comes the present meaning, a good-for-naught, a man who talks too much. The word is good English.

### The Rainbow.

The rainbow, which is a circular image of the sun, variously colored, is produced by the solar rays entering the drops of falling rain and being refracted to their further surfaces, and thence by one or more reflections transmitted to the eye. At their emergence from the drops, as well as at their entrance, they suffer a refraction by which the rays are separated into their different colors.

### The Dark Ages.

The dark ages were the same as the middle ages, they were not called so at the time. They lasted from the time of Clovis, 486 A. D., to say 1495. The conquest of Constantinople by the Turks is the beginning of the renaissance, and with the new birth of learning (which is the meaning of renaissance) the dark ages came to an end.

THE unanimous assent consent and verdict of the people through this section of the country is that Dennis' Botanic Remedies are first-class. Everybody try them. If not satisfactory money refunded. Try the Liver Pills for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick headache. They are sure cure. G. T. DENNIS. By H. L. McCOY, M. D.

**McKean County Miner**

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Legal advertisements 7 cents per line for each insertion.

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All communications should be addressed to

E. HOOKERS,
Editor and Proprietor

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 6, 1889.

### THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The first message of President Harrison to Congress since his inaugural address, will be found on our first page, and it is a document which every citizen of the country should read, regardless of politics. Every subject which is of great interest to the people of the United States to-day is treated temperately and ably by the President, and there can be no question but that his conclusions will be generally acquiesced in. One of the important questions with which the present Congress will be called upon to deal, is that of securing fair elections for members of Congress and the Electoral College. [illegible] briefly says:

"I earnestly invoke the attention of Congress to the consideration of such measures within its well-defined constitutional powers as will secure to all our people a free exercise of the right of suffrage and every other civil right under the constitution and laws of the United States. No evil, however deplorable, can justify the assumption, either on the part of the executive or of Congress, of powers not granted, and both will be highly blamable if all the powers granted are not wisely but firmly used to correct these evils."

HON. JUDSON HOLCOMB, of the Towanda *Republican* has received the appointment of Index clerk in the House of Representatives from Clerk McPherson. Mr Holcomb formerly filled the position with great credit.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY BUSSEY, of the Interior department, in his annual report, devotes considerable space to defending his decisions in pension cases, which he claims all tend to liberalize the practice of the department.

THE Philadelphia *Item* of Saturday last says that Charles W Stone will be the next Governor of Pennsylvania. "The people will boss the job." There is no denying the fact that Mr Stone would be a very acceptable candidate in this section of the State.

COMMISSIONER RAUM has issued an order to the officials in the pension office cautioning them to use the greatest care in the rejection of applications for pensions, and requiring all letters rejecting claims to be brought to the desk of the Commissioner for signature.

Two millions spot cash and four hundred thousand a year is a big price for the Brazilian throne. Such figures as these for a fourth rate throne must lead the money loving Queen Victoria to wonder what her throne would bring if "thrones" upon the market.—*Chicago Herald*.

SECRETARY PROCTOR'S annual report is a very interesting document. He makes a number of excellent recommendations. He believes the proper way to prevent the large number of desertions in the army is to lessen the distance between the commissioned officer and the private, and he shows how it can be done.

CHAS. H. TURNER, whose occupation until recently has been the driver of an ice wagon at $12 a week, has just been elected to Congress from the 6th district of New York—the Tammany candidate. He is quite young and is said to be a good stump speaker. Some day he may be one of the leading law-makers of the country.

ONE of the best appointments made by Col Bosbyshell, superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint, is that of J Robley Dunglison as Register of Deposits. Mr Dunglison was for several years one of the most accomplished officials of the Mint, but when Cleveland's superintendent went in Dunglison went out. The tables have again turned.

IT would be a great misfortune to the entire country if, through political intriguing, Senator Wm B. Allison of Iowa should not be returned to the Senate. His familiarity with all questions affecting the revenues of the Government and their appropriation render his presence almost indispensable in that body. Petty jealousies on the part of Iowa politicians which look to the defeat of the senator at the next session of the Legislature, should be frowned down by every decent citizen of that State, whatever his politics.

THE Democratic boast that Cleveland had a plurality last year is punctured by a New York Democrat in the *Chicago Herald* (Dem.), when he points out that his vote in the great Northern Commonwealths was 120,000 less than that cast for Harrison, and that Cleveland obtained his much boasted plurality in Southern States—where Republicans were not permitted to vote, or if they voted where their votes were not counted. There is not much glory in such figures, considering how they were secured, and it is not at all surprising that the Democrat should indicate the fact to his party friends.

IN an editorial in his Harrisburg *Call* Secretary Reed, of the State Democratic Committee, speaking of the changes in the Philadelphia Mint, says: "In one day twenty heads were neatly chopped off and fell in the basket. This may not be exactly in conformity with the rules of civil service reform, but it is eminently proper from a political standpoint. Besides this, there are not many Democrats living outside of Philadelphia in the State, who will shed very many tears over the untoward fate that has overtaken the swaggering smart Democratic statesmen who lingered around this monetary institution of the Nation and tried to impress all observers with the belief, that they were the people and that wisdom would die with them."

### SPEAKER TOM REED.

A spirited contest has been going on for some time past between Congressmen Reed of Maine, McKinley of Ohio, Cannon of Illinois, Burrows of Michigan and Henderson of Iowa for the position of Speaker of the of the House of Representatives. A caucus of the Republican members was held in the hall of the House on Saturday last, when the contest ended by the election of Hon Thos B Reed on the second ballot. His election was made unanimous on motion of Major McKinley, his most formidable competitor. Of Mr Reed's qualifications for the position the New York *Press* truthfully says:

"The recognized Republican leader on the floor has been chosen to preside over the deliberations of the 51st Congress, without in the least degree detracting from his able competitors. Mr Reed will make a model presiding officer. Well versed in parliamentary law, thoroughly conversant with the rules and customs of the House of Representatives, unequaled as an exponent of the policy and principles of the Republican party, exceptionally equipped as a debater and blessed with a good voice, a strong physique and an amiable temper, it would be difficult to find in all this broad land one better adapted to fill the office to which Mr Reed has been called by the votes of his colleagues. It is fortunate that at this important epoch in its history the Republican party has so many competent leaders, and particularly fortunate that one of the very strongest and ablest has been thus called to the front. Alike by friend and foe, Thos. B Reed is recognized as one of the brainiest statesmen of his day. The opposition has no man able to cope with Reed of Maine in a debate, and as Speaker he will undoubtedly be able to strengthen the majority and bring out all its working possibilities."

### TRIBUTE TO LINCOLN.

Dr Boardman, the eminent Baptist divine, of Philadelphia, in his Thanksgiving Day address, dwelt upon the character and career of Abraham Lincoln. "Nothing stirs our patriotic sensibilities," said Dr Boardman, "as the memory of patriotic men. And if there ever was a patriot it was our martyr President. Sufficient time has elapsed since his tragic removal from us to enable us to form a somewhat just estimate of his services and character independent of party affiliations."

In outlining Lincoln's personality Dr Boardman said:

"He was not a man lustrously brilliant in any one direction. But he was none the less great in that his greatness was so rounded, having the steady sparkle of the star, rather than the transient dazzle of the meteor. His logic was intuitive rather than tentative, instructive rather than elaborate.

"But because the instinct of President Lincoln was intuitive rather than ratiocinative, it does not follow that he was not intellectually great. For as, according to the profounder theologian, the intuitive John was greater than the syllogistic Paul, so it seems to me Abraham Lincoln intellectually surveyed, stands in the first rank of those who have, in either hemisphere, wielded the sceptre.

"Abraham Lincoln was by no means wanting in executive force. Because he made no pretensions to special firmness and vaunted not his purposes, people at first imagined that he was irresolute. But as time rolled on we began to see that behind that mild, unassuming exterior lay an imperial will, that serenely swayed all who came in contact with him, however high they stood in the military or executive councils of the nation. And yet, so quiet was the sway, that they hardly knew the sceptre was over them. Nor was his inflexibility less than his force. All the powers of earth could not draw him to take a step until he thought it was right and when convinced, all those powers could not prevent his taking it.

"He was the very soul of integrity. Vain was it, even perilous, for any man, however influential, to enter that sincere man's presence with either flattery, threat or bribe. Himself transparent as crystal, he loathed that which was retractive or opaque. He was absolutely incorruptible. Shrewd beyond most men, his shrewdness was the clear, piercing vision of a clean heart that knew not how to
'spread its sails with vantage to the gale of other's passions.'"

The foregoing may be regarded as very strong laudation, but, not many in the present day, will say it claims too much for the great Emancipator. The estimate of Lincoln is steadily rising as his character becomes better understood and the truth of these words, penned soon after his death, is becoming more apparent:

And men of whom the world will talk
For ages hence, may noiseless move
As only as they quit to prove,
That giant souls have shared our walk.—*Gazette & Bulletin*.

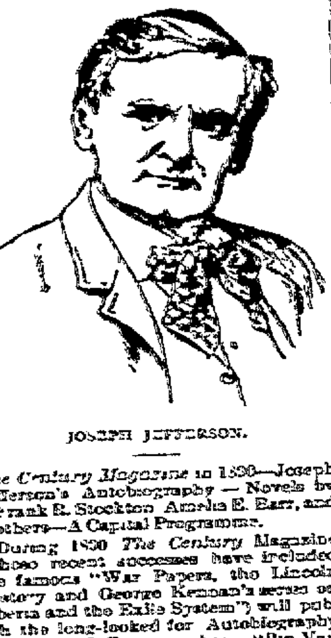
HON. ED MCPHERSON, of Gettysburg was elected Clerk of the House at Washington on Monday last, a position he has held since he was first elected in 1863, whenever the Republicans have controlled that body. There is no question about his competency to fill the position, but there are a hundred thousand men in the country who could also fill it with credit. It looks like "daubing it on pretty thick" to give one man a monopoly of one of the best positions under the government. Maj Jno M Carson, a veteran of the war of the rebellion, contested for the position, and the Pittsburgh *Chronicle Telegraph* asks the following pertinent question as to the whereabouts of the two men on a memorable occasion:

Now that attention has been called to the fact, can anybody tell us where Edward McPherson was, when Maj John M Carson was on the hill at Gettysburg with his regiment but could see nobody coming out of McPherson's house with a gun.

DISASTROUS fires have become epidemic throughout the country. Within a few days Lynn, Mass., had a ten million fire, Boston one destroying five millions of property and later an immense structure in Minneapolis was destroyed, owned by the *Tribune* publishing Co., in which several people were burned to death. It is said that the water thrown at the blazing buildings in Boston did not enter the windows, because before it reached them the intense heat had turned it into steam. When Chicago was burning the water was only so much fuel, as it was disintegrated by the heat and hydrogen gas liberated.

In referring to the stories floating around in the papers in reference to Harriet Beecher Stowe, the Pittsburgh *Times* says: "Representations that Mrs. Stowe is demented and a wreck of her former self are gross exaggerations. She is 76 years old. She is not at all times in the possession of her mental powers to the extent of being able to write vigorously upon any topic, but some of the letters she has written within the past few months show a strength of mind not to be despised."

BUY your overcoats of M. Rosenfeld and save 10 per cent.



JOSEPH JEFFERSON.

*The Century Magazine* in 1890—Joseph Jefferson's Autobiography — Novels by Frank R. Stockton, Amelia E. Barr, and others—A Capital Programme.

During 1890 *The Century* Magazine (whose recent successes have included the famous "War Papers, the Lincoln History and George Kennan's series on Siberia and the Exile System") will publish the long-looked for Autobiography of Joseph Jefferson, whose "Rip Van Winkle" has made his name a household word. No more interesting record of a life upon the stage could be laid before the public. Mr Jefferson is the fourth in a generation of actors, and, with his children and grandchildren, there are six generations of actors among the Jeffersons. His story of the early days of the American stage, when as a boy, travelling in his father's company, they would [illegible] to a Western town, playing in their own extemporized theater,—the particulars of the creation of this famous "Rip Van Winkle," how he acted "Ticket-of-Leave Man" before an audience of that class in Australia, etc.,—all this, enriched with illustrations and portraits of contemporary actors and actresses, and with anecdotes, will form one of the most delightful serials *The Century* has ever printed.

Amelia E. Barr, Frank R. Stockton, Mark Twain, H. H. Boyesen, and many other well known writers will furnish the fiction for the new volume, which is to be unusually strong, including several novels, illustrated novelettes, and short stories. "The Women of the French Salons" are to be described in a brilliant series of illustrated papers. The important discoveries made with the great Lick Telescope at San Francisco (the largest telescope in the world) and the latest explorations relating to prehistoric America (including the famous Serpent Mound of Ohio) are to be chronicled in *The Century*.

Prof George P. Fisher of Yale University is to write a series on "The Nature and Method of Revelation," which will attract every Bible student. Bishop Potter of New York will be one of several prominent writers who are to contribute a series of "Present-day Papers" on living topics, and there will be art papers, timely articles, etc., etc., and the choicest pictures that the greatest artists and engravers can produce.

Every bookseller, postmaster, and subscription agent takes subscriptions to *The Century* ($4 00 a year,) or remittance may be made directly to the publishers, THE CENTURY CO., of New York. Begin new subscriptions with November (the first issue of the volume) and get Mark Twain's story, "A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court," in that number.

### LITERARY NOTES.

#### A STORY OF BURTON.

The following is from Joseph Jefferson's Autobiography in the December *Century*: "I have often thought that Mr Burton must have had Irish blood in him for he was continually spreading the tail of his coat for a fight—I mean an intellectual fight, as physically he was not pugnacious. Quarrelsome persons who do not indulge in pugilistic encounters are fond of law suits; it is only another way of having it out, and Burton must have spent a fortune in fees. His humor on the witness-stand was quite equal to that of Sam Weller. On one occasion, while the actor was going through bankruptcy, an eminent lawyer in Philadelphia thought he detected a desire on Burton's part to conceal some facts relative to a large sum of money that he had made during the production of the 'Naiad Queen.' Rising with great dignity, and glaring fiercely at Burton, he demanded: 'What became of that money, sir?' The comedian looked him straight in the face, then rising in imitation of an attorney, he replied: 'The lawyers got it.'"

#### REPUBLICAN AUTHORITY.

The first congress during President Harrison's Administration will assemble at Washington this winter, and people will probably look to the New York *Tribune* for official interpretations of the policies of the Republican party at the National capital. Our metropolitan contemporary is especially identified with a Protective Tariff, pensions for Union veterans, and various other clauses in the Republican creed, and its endorsement, recently, as the official newspaper of the Republican clubs of the country makes it more than ever the principal National authority of the Republican party. Prizes worth $2,440 are to be given away to those who raise clubs of subscribers, including a free trip to New York and entertainment in the city, and there are a great many new premiums for readers. A 20 page Catalogue has been prepared, which will be sent in return for a 2 cent stamp. Read its prospectus in another column.

MANY cases of rheumatism, which have resisted the skill of the profession, have promptly yielded to that wonderful remedy, Salvation Oil. 25 cents.

WE will astonish you if you call at my store and examine stock and prices, M. Rosenfeld.

### Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Smethport Odd Fellows' Hall Association will be held in Odd Fellows' Hall, Smethport, on Wednesday, December 18, 1889, for the election of Directors, and for such other business as may be lawfully transacted.
Dec 3, 1889. E. M. CHOATE, Secretary.

AND NOW, NOVEMBER 25th, 1889, it is ordered that the regular term of Court of Common Pleas, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Orphans' Court heretofore commencing on the fourth Monday of May, in each year, and continuing two weeks, shall hereafter commence on the first Monday of June in each and every year until changed according to law and continue two weeks.
Attest: PER CURIAM.
J. M. McELROY, Prothonotary.

### Incorporation Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said court [or a Law Judge thereof] on Friday, the 20th day of December A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock, under the "Corporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four," and the supplements thereto, by M. W. Hewitt, David Howells, Charles Ross, Albert Peterson, W. J. Arney and others, for an intended corporation to be called "Kane Cemetery Association," the character and object of which is to maintain and manage a cemetery and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by said act and its supplements.
ELISHA K. KANE, Secretary.

## WANTED

Men to take orders for Nursery Stock, on Salary or Commission. I can make a successful

## SALESMAN

of any one who will work and follow my instructions. Will furnish handsome outfit free and pay your salary or commission every week. Write for terms at once.
E. O. GRAHAM, Nurseryman,
Rochester, N. Y.

## SALESMEN WANTED

to canvass for the sale of Nursery stock. Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES paid to successful men. Apply at once stating age. Mention this paper.

CHASE BROTHERS COMP'Y, Rochester, N. Y.

### Wanted.

A NEW MILCH COW. Apply to
JOHN O. SORENSEN, Crosby, Pa.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

## CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

## SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

## HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

## ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

## FURNITURE

Established, 1836.

BUY OF THE MAKER

And Hersee's pay the freight on all out-of-town orders

Buffalo, Nov 30th.

The store catches the cadence of the near-by holiday music, and arrays itself in its most gorgeous colors. Out of weeks of preparation there bloom the fancies for Christmas giving, all in grand array.

The result is surprising. It's a sight, that's true. The store has worked itself up to its full capacity, discounting over and again its own past. You'll wonder at our foresightedness when you see how far we've anticipated you holiday wants.

Besides the many useful gifts—real kinsfolk gifts—which fill the store every day in the year, Santa Claus brings many special things for Christmas.

Count these among others.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rattan Rockers | $2 00 up | | |
| White and Gold Rockers | 3.50 " | | |
| Pink and Gold Rockers | 3.50 " | | |
| Hanging Cabinets, all woods, with Bevel Mirrors | 5 50 " | | |
| Bamboo Easles | 1.50 " | | |
| Cherry and Oak Easles | 5 00 " | | |
| Three Fold Screens, Antique Oak and Cherry | 1.50 " | | |
| Foot Rests | 1 50 | to | 8.50 |
| Blacking Case | 1 50 | " | 6 00 |
| Parlor Tables, all woods | 1.75 | " | 9 50 |
| Gentleman's Upholstered Smoking Chairs | 10 00 | " | 20 00 |
| Large Patent Rockers all grades, from | 9 00 | " | 19 00 |
| Ladies' Fancy Chairs | 3 00 | " | 12.00 |
| Ladies Fancy Writing Desks | 9 00 | " | 55.00 |
| Children's Rattan High Chairs | 1 75 | " | 4 50 |
| Children's Wood High Chairs | 1 25 | " | 5 50 |
| Children's Rocking chairs | 1 50 | " | 6 00 |
| Large High back Solid Oak Rockers | | | 3 00 |
| Medium High back Antique Rockers | | | 2 50 |
| High back Antique Chair | | | 1 60 |
| Music Stands, all woods | $5 00 | to | 50 00 |
| Shaving Stands | 3 50 | " | 25 00 |
| Hat Racks, all woods | 8.00 | " | 150 00 |
| Sideboards | 12 00 | " | 300 00 |
| Bedroom Suites | 17 50 | " | 500 00 |
| Dining Tables | 5 50 | " | 75 50 |
| Dining Chairs | 1.00 | " | 12 00 |
| An endless line of Parlor Suites in all coverings | 45 00 | " | 375 00 |

And we pay the freight—charge nothing for boxing or shipping.

If it will help you we will send you an illustrated catalogue free.

HERSEE & CO.,
247-255 Elliott St., Buffalo, N. Y.
Two blocks from Main.

## 1890.
## Harper's Magazine.
ILLUSTRATED.

A new Shakespeare—the Shakespeare of Edwin A. Abbey—will be presented in HARPER'S MAGAZINE for 1890, with comments by Andrew Lang. HARPER'S MAGAZINE has also made special arrangements with Alphonse Daudet, the greatest of living French novelists, for the exclusive publication, in serial form, of a humorous story to be entitled "The Colonists of Tarascon: the Last Adventures of the Famous Tartarin." The story will be translated by Henry James, and illustrated by Rossi and Myrbach.

W. D. Howells will contribute a novelette in three parts, and Lafcadio Hearn a novelette in two parts, entitled "Youma," handsomely illustrated.

In illustrated papers, touching subjects of current interest, and in its short stories, poems, and timely articles, the MAGAZINE will maintain its well-known standard.

## HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

| | |
|---|---|
| HARPER'S MAGAZINE | $4 00 |
| HARPER'S WEEKLY | 4 00 |
| HARPER'S BAZAR | 4 00 |
| HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE | 2 00 |

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada or Mexico.

The Volumes of the Magazine begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Magazine for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $3.00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, post-paid.

Index to Harper's Magazine, Alphabetical, Analytical and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 70, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1885, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4.00.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

### HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—2 or 3 pairs of good work horses from 2,800 to 3,200 pounds in each.
A. T. PALMER.
Smethport, Pa., Nov. 6, 1889.—3t.

### For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE her house and four lots on the northeast corner of Main and Nelson streets, in Smethport borough. For terms of sale apply to
MRS. L. T. MELLEUR.
Sept. 2, 1889. Smethport, Pa.

## N. Y. TRIBUNE FOR 1890.

### NEW FEATURES.

### A BRILLIANT YEAR AHEAD.

During 1890 the New York Tribune will be greatly improved in quality and made more lively, fresh and readable than ever before in its history. Among the special contributors during 1890 will be

Andrew Carnegie, "Principles of Business Success."
Gail Hamilton, "European Monarchs."
Terrence V. Powderly, "Restriction of Immigration."
Chauncey M. Depew, Senator John J. Ingalls, Mrs. John A. Logan, Rev. Dr. John R. Paxton and others, topics not announced.
Albert Griffin, "Temperance Among Germans," a new view.
Judge A. W. Tourgee, "The Colored Race in America."
S. C. T. Dodd, "The Advantages of Trusts."
"Josiah Allen's Wife," "The small salaries of Country Clergymen."
Senator Wm M. Stewart, of Nevada, "Unlimited Silver Coinage."
Fred S. Tallmage, on "Men of the Revolution."
Kate Field, "Mormon Question."
Erastus Wiman, "Success and Failure Among Business Men."
Rev. Edward Everett Hale, "The New England of To-Day."
Bishop Henry C. Potter, "Rural Reinforcement of City Population."
Geo W. Cable on "Some Strange Legislation in the south."
Marshall P. Wilder, "Humor of England and America."
[illegible] "Evils of Trusts."
Henry W. Grady, of the Atlanta Constitution, "Chances for Capital in the New South."
I. C. Russell, United States Geological Survey, "Highest Peaks of the United States."
W. M. Grosvenor, "Gold and Silver as Money."
L. E. Quigg, "What is Left of our Public Lands."
Emily Huntington, "Household Science."
Ernest Whitney, "Peculiarities of American Pronunciation."
Professor William Pepper, President of University of Pennsylvania, "A college education good for all, what is best for those who cannot get it."
H. Y. Beach, "Slayer of 450 bears."
Other contributors will be announced hereafter. The articles will cost many thousands of dollars and appear in THE TRIBUNE only.

### SOLDEIRS' STORIES.

THE TRIBUNE will also print, in addition to its regular G. A. R. and S. of V. page, a number of entertaining Stories of Actual Experience in the War, not less than 25 in number, each a page of The Tribune in length, by privates and officers of the Union, of a rank not higher than that of Captain. Veterans are invited to contribute to this series of stories. Every tale accepted will be paid for at regular newspaper rates. Prizes of $250, $150 and $75 will be paid for the best three. Manuscripts must be enclosed to "The Tribune, New York," and inscribed "Soldiers' Department."

### PAPERS ON FARMING.

In addition to our regular and extremely able agricultural department (two pages a week), The Tribune will print a number of long and carefully prepared articles on Particular Branches of Farming, written by practical experts. Farmers who want to make money out of their farms must read these special discussions in The Tribune.

### BEST TRIBUNE EVER SEEN,

will be supplied to readers during the coming year.

A large number of desirable and novel premiums are added to our list, and they are offered at terms which will enable our readers to obtain them practically at wholesale rates. Send 2 cent stamp for our 20 page catalogue.

### VALUABLE PRIZES

One hundred special Prizes will be distributed on May 1, 1890, among the club agents who have, up to that date, sent in the largest 100 clubs of local Weekly and Semi-Weekly subscribers. These prizes will include a $700 Piano, a $250 Cabinet Organ, a $150 Solitaire Diamond, a Free Trip to New York with expenses there paid, etc., etc., etc., being worth a total of $2,440.

Prizes are fully described in our new 20 page catalogue; send 2 cent stamp for a copy.

Sample copies of The Tribune free.

Subscription Rates: Weekly, $1 a year. Semi-Weekly $2. New subscribers receive the paper until January 1, 1890 free. Daily $10 a year. Library of TRIBUNE Extras, 12 numbers a year, $2.

THE TRIBUNE, New York.

## BAYER HOUSE,

CLERMONT, PA.

New House. New Furniture. Everything about the premises neat and clean. Table supplied with the best in the market. Patronage of the public solicited.

I. CHALMERS, Proprietor.

Dec 1, 1889—1y

### Farm For Rent.

A GOOD FARM convenient to Smethport. Fifty acres improved. Good water, good fences, good fruit and good location, together with stock, farming implements &c. Will rent for cash, for a term of five years upon easy terms, to the right party. Possession April 1st. For further particulars enquire of M. N. Allen, Esq., East Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

## FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

My specialty will be Writing Desks, Bookcases, and the two combined, thirty two styles.

Send for descriptive circular and price list, and see what prominent men say of them.

Bicycles, Tricycles, Cripples' Tricycles, Road Carts, Cutters, Safes and safe and general lock work.

W. A. WOODBURY,
43 Mechanic St., Bradford, Pa.

44 tf

### Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF EXecutors and Administrators having been settled in the office of the Register the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphans Court to be held at Smethport in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania on the second Monday of December, A. D. 1889.

First and final account of Rowland A. Barber, Executor of the last will and testament of Samuel A. Barber, deceased.

First and partial account of Enoch Dudly, Administrator of the estate of Calvin H. Burrows, deceased.

First and final account of Wm. Haskell, Administrator of the estate of Michael McElwee, deceased.

First and final account of Harry Hearley and Jennie A. Hensley, Executors of the last will and testament of Pitt O. Hensley, deceased.

First and final account of Wm Haskell Administrator of the estate of Joel J. Matteson, deceased.

First and final account of Burg Chadwick, Administrator of the estate of E. V. Chadwick, deceased.

J. M. McELROY, Register.
H. M. CHOATE, Deputy.
Smethport, Pa., Nov 12, 1889.

### Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 22, May Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Mary Fairchilds, by her next friend T. G. Clark, did, on the twenty-third day of April, 1889, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Crowell H. Fairchilds.

We therefore command you, the said Crowell H. Fairchilds, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the 2d Monday of December next to answer the petition or libel of said Mary Fairchilds, and to show cause if any you have why the said Mary Fairchilds, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.
G. B. McCalmont, Libellant's Attorney.
Nov 14, 1889.

A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

MADE OF EXPANDED METAL
CUT FROM STEEL PLATES. SOMETHING NEW.

For RESIDENCES, CHURCHES, CEMETERIES, FARMS, GARDENS, Gates, Arbors, Window Guards, Trellises, Fire-proof PLASTERING LATH, DOOR MATS, &c. Write for Illustrated Catalogue; mailed free.

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO.
116 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Hardware Men keep it. Give name of this paper.

Agents Wanted SI KLEGG AND HIS PARD FOR CORPORAL

It beats them all. No book like it. Everybody wants it. 250 Illustrations. Humorous, Pathetic, Fascinating. Hundreds of dollars to hustlers. Old and young buy, also thousands of G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans. One agent has ordered over 700 books. Another made $20 in two days, another took orders in 30 min. in 1 G. A. R. Post. Choose territory at once. Illustrated circulars and terms free. Write H. G. Hamilton & Co., Pub., 110 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.'S

HOLIDAY GOODS NOW ARRIVING AT EAST SMETHPORT, PA.

Presents for Fathers, Mothers, Sisters and Brothers. Presents Useful. Presents Ornamental.

LOOK THERE FOR QUANTITY, QUALITY, PRICES.

AT

## E. S. McCARTY'S
## VARIETY STORE

YOU WILL FIND

Everything in the line of Gloves and Mittens, Gents' Hemstitched, Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. I am

HEADQUARTERS FOR

## TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the smokers' line.

And don't you forget when you are looking for some fine

## CONFECTIONERY

I can show you, at all times, as complete an assortment as you will find in any town of this size. Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, and Farinaceous Goods.

GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

E. S. McCARTY,
Opposite the Court House, MAIN STREET
SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

## FURNITURE.

Talk is cheap, but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.

First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.

Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.

Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.

We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off onto them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the business convinces us that success always attends

## SQUARE DEALING.

We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid,

We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.

Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.

SPECHT & SASSE.

## "A Library of American Literature,"

In Eleven Large Octavo Volumes.

EDITED BY
EDMUND CLARENCE STEDMAN,
AND
ELLEN MACKAY HUTCHINSON.

This is the most salable high-class publication now on the market, and we want a first-class, experienced solicitor, to take exclusive control of each county. To such a one a liberal offer will be made.

CHAS. L. WEBSTER & CO.,
No 3 East 14th Street, New York.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS, WASHINGTON,
March 1, 1889.

Having had occasion to make critical use of Stedman-Hutchinson's "Library of American Literature," I have found the selections embodied in the series admirably representative of the writers of each period. The very wide field covered by the publication has required the best critical judgment in the choice of specimens, and that judgment is everywhere apparent.

Very Respectfully,
A. R. SPOFFORD,
Librarian of Congress.

Nov. 29,1889—3m

## V. KLAPPENBACH,
## MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

The Best WASHER

We will guarantee the "LOVELL" WASHER to do better work and do it easier and in less time than any other machine in the world. Warranted five years, and if it don't wash the clothes clean without rubbing, we will refund the money.

AGENTS WANTED in every county. We can show proof that agents are making from $75 to $150 per month. Farmers make $200 to $500 during the winter. Ladies have great success selling this Washer. Retail price, only $5. Sample to those desiring an agency $2. Also the Celebrated KEYSTONE WRINGER at manufacturers' lowest prices. We invite the strictest investigation. Send your address on a postal card for further particulars.

LOVELL WASHER CO., Erie, Pa.

SMETHPORT
## GRADED SCHOOL!

The Academic Department offers

## TWO THOROUGH COURSES

adapted either to those who want to teach in the common schools and to those who wish a GOOD ACADEMIC COURSE, or to those who desire a FULL CLASSICAL COURSE AND PREPARATION FOR COLLEGE.

All Departments Are Thoroughly Graded—Six Teachers.

Rates of tuition:

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|---|---|
| Academic, per month | $2 00 |
| Intermediate, per month | 1 50 |
| Primary, per month | 1 00 |

Opens Sept. 2, 1889.

For particulars address
W. F. MEMBO, A. B., Principal.

Prof. Loisette's
## MEMORY
DISCOVERY AND TRAINING METHOD

In spite of adulterated imitations which miss the theory, and practical results of the Original, in spite of the grossest misrepresentations by envious would-be competitors, and in spite of "base attempts to rob" him of the fruit of his labors, (all of which demonstrate the undoubted superiority and popularity of his teaching), Prof. Loisette's Art of Never Forgetting is recognized to-day in both Hemispheres as marking an Epoch in Memory Culture. His Prospectus (sent post free) gives opinions of people in all parts of the globe who have actually studied his System by correspondence, showing that his System is used only while being studied, not afterwards; that any book can be learned in a single reading, mind-wandering cured, &c. For Prospectus, Terms and Testimonials address
Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

### For Sale.

A MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE, WITH A valuable water power. Good place for shingle mill or grist mill. Address the undersigned. MRS. SUSAN E. STRONG,
East Smethport, Pa.

### Stockholders' Annual Election.

TAKE NOTICE THAT A MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Smethport Water Company will be held at the general office of the company, in Smethport, McKean county, Pa., on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1890, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, for the election of Directors of said company.
ALVIN E. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.
Smethport, Pa., Nov. 18, 1889.—4t.

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The date on your paper shows the time to which it is paid.

If you want the address of your paper changed, give the old address as well as the new one.

If you want your paper stopped, pay arrearages, otherwise you will continue liable if the paper is sent to you whether you take it from the office or not.

If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. We send every man's paper every week, and if the trouble is at a the mails when not received.

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 6, 1889.

[illegible] Local Editor.

## LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

Our cutters will soon be in order.

The President's message on first page.

Smethport is to have a new barber shop.

Roller skating is now the amusement.

Scott & Dow's to-night at the opera house.

The small boy is anxiously awaiting snow.

We can soon "hear the sledges with the bells."

George Welker of Kane, was in town on Tuesday.

J. J. Newman of Buffalo, was in the city Wednesday.

Petroleum will be due in a few days at the Emery well.

Boston was ravaged by a terrible fire on Thanksgiving day.

There will be a polo game at the rink Saturday evening.

Attractive holiday goods are now displayed by the merchants.

At the opera house this evening, Scott & Dow's comedy company.

Take in the attraction at the opera house to-night and to-morrow night.

The evening train on the B. B. & K. now arrives at 7.45 instead of 7.30 o'clock.

C. W. Brownell was in Philadelphia several days this week purchasing goods.

Hon W. A. Burdick of Duke Centre, was registered at the Central on Tuesday last.

This is the time of year that chestnuts in the much abused plumber are "freezing up."

The second annual ball of the I. O. O. F. of this place, will be held on January 15th.

The Court of Quarter Sessions will convene in June, 1890, instead of May, as heretofore.

Mrs. M. E. Richmond returned from a protracted visit with New York friends on Tuesday.

Look out for the grand opening at D. C. Young's store on Main street to-morrow (Saturday).

The cigar and tobacco sign on the Democratic pole opposite Armstrong's drug store, is a relic of Halloween.

There will be a meeting of Smethport Hose No. 1 at their headquarters this evening. Firemen take notice.

Mrs. Merriman and Miss Eva Brownell of Olean, were the guests of Mrs. Wally Gifford on Thanksgiving day.

Mrs. E. C. Ross and Miss May Sann of Coudersport are visiting the family of W. J. Colegrove on King street.

Seven human lives were sacrificed to the flames that destroyed the Minneapolis *Tribune* building last Saturday night.

J. Rave, J. M. Tait and John O. Senbergh were among the prominent gentlemen from Clermont in town Wednesday.

E. P. Parsons of Chicago, was at the Central Sunday. Mr Parsons is an old chum of W. F. Shore, the principal of our schools.

The flowing fountains of the court house have ceased to spout. Janitor Quinlan has covered them with their annual board protection.

The immense amount of lumber in the yards of Gifford's upper mill is to undergo the process of planing, by order of the Extract Company.

There is good material in Smethport for a first-class literary society, and there is no more profitable or pleasant a way of spending a long winter evening than by a debate (unless it's with Sally Ann).

We have just received the most beautiful line of wedding invitations, ball cards and folders ever shown in McKean county. The designs are grand and suitable for the different societies. Call and see them.

Mrs. R. Ingley of Water street, entertained a company of friends at her home on Wednesday evening. The affair was a very pleasurable one, and the young people present enjoyed themselves immensely.

A young gentleman of expedients while accompanying his best girl home one evening lately got over the difficulty of asking her for a kiss, by humming a few lines of "Comin' Thro' the Rye," in a plaintive tone. So we were told.

Amos Dunbar, Esq., of Annin township, lately of the firm of Lillibridge, Dunbar & Co., of Port Allegany, has become a resident of Smethport, having recently moved his family into the Hooker house on lower Main street.

An employe of the Extract Works was so excited last Wednesday when he discovered a little flame which had originated near the boiler, that he ran forth crying "hay! hay! hay!" He should have added "ste" to his exclamations.

G. N. Barnett, the well known agriculturist of Marvin Creek valley, is happy over the arrival of a good sized boy that put in an appearance last Thursday morning at his home. George deemed it his duty to settle for the cigars, for which with congratulations, we are thankful.

—The Port Allegany *Reporter* says that E. L. Lillibridge's new barn on the west side of the Allegany was completely destroyed by fire, together with over twenty tons of hay, a lumber wagon, cutter, buggy, farming implements and lumber tools. Loss about [illegible]. Insurance, $[illegible].

—The ball given by the Knights of the Maccabees at Kittredge opera house on Thanksgiving night was one of the pleasantest social affairs that Smethport pleasure seekers have been favored with for a long time. The Knights did all in their power to make the ball a success, and their efforts were rewarded.

—A Bradford gas blower named Durst, deserted a faithful wife and several small children in that city on Monday. The vile wretch was on intimate relations with Mrs. Hardenburg, a colored woman, and his elopement with her has created a great deal of indignation. Much sympathy for the disgraced wife prevails.

—Among the list of beautiful pieces rendered by Prof. Walrath's orchestra at the K. O. T. M. ball last week, was a schottische composed by Prof. Harry Vibbard, the well known pianist, who is not yet 20 years of age. Mr. Vibbard's composition is bound to become popular from the fact it was named in honor of a Smethport young man, and will be known as "Johnnie's Favorite."

The residence of T. H. Purtle on King street, had a very narrow escape on Friday last. A fire originated in some unaccountable way in a clothes-press. The alarm was sounded and the hose boys were promptly on the scene. The fire which had been confined to the closet through the efforts of the family and neighbors, was speedily extinguished by the boys, after a little energetic work.

The genial F. N. Taylor of the Central has been advertising extensively of late. Shot guns, overalls, crutches and numerous other articles have been returned since the last issue of the MINER, but a pair of rubber boots are still missing and he despairs of ever again seeing them. Frank says if an "ad" in this paper does not recall them they must have long ago been consigned to some sequestered ash barrel.

At the services in the Methodist church next Sunday evening, Rev. T. W. Chandler will devote a portion of his discourse to the centennial of the Methodist Book Concern. "The growth of this institution during the past 80 years is remarkable, as can be seen by comparing an illustration of the present Methodist Publishing and Mission Building, corner Fifth avenue and Twentieth street, New York, to the primitive building occupied in that city in 1808."

—The decomposed body of a man was recently found near Emporium. Evidences go to show that he was murdered. The man is supposed to have been the traveling salesman for a jewelry firm.

—The Bradford papers of last Friday, contained accounts of the suicide of Maud Russell of Kendall Creek, a young woman aged 27 years. Miss Russell was employed as housekeeper for W. P. Hyde a producer of that place, and the father of four children. The deceased was subject to periodical fits of melancholy. No positive cause for the suicide can be found.

—Ordination services will be held at the Baptist church in this place on December 12th. Rev. J. R. Thoms of Bradford, and Rev. Edgar Dox of Olean, and other prominent gentlemen of that denomination will be in attendance. Mr. W. D. Lakeas, who has been occupying the Baptist pulpit in this borough will be ordained. He is a member of the faculty of Crozer Theological Seminary, Philadelphia.

—Warren has lost three prominent citizens lately, who, years ago, were known on the upper waters of the Allegheny as first-class river pilots. Their names were Benj Nesmith, who died a few weeks ago after a long illness, James Nesmith, a brother of Benjamin, who was killed by the falling of a tree in the woods near Sheffield on Thanksgiving morning, and James Roy, Sr., who died at his home in Glade, opposite Warren, on Friday of last week. Benj. Nesmith was 68 years of age, James Nesmith 65, and James Roy 67.

—A resident of lower Main street heard some music that sounded almost divine last Tuesday. Some distance in the rear of his residence while plodding through the snow, he heard the notes of a robin, and upon investigating found a redbreast in a neighboring tree. He must have momentarily expected to see the snow vanish, and spring's genial smile caress gushing brooks and emerald meadows. How the angelic little visitor could have wandered into this bleak, barren and inhospitable land is a problem that some of our weather prophets may be able to explain.

—The Smethport Band will hold their first New Year's ball at Kittredge opera house on Tuesday evening, December 31st. Over 300 invitations will be issued and no pains will be spared to make it a most pleasant affair. At first it was decided to use dance programmes, but the committee of arrangements wisely concluded not to use them as the young men of the town are in the habit of monopolizing the lady round dancers, in which case the visitors get left. Prof. Mills' orchestra of seven pieces, will furnish the music. Supper will be served at the Wright House.

—What could have prompted the following four lines? "The MINER of this week is more brilliant than usual, attributable to the fact that H. J. Glenn has recently become local editor of said paper."—*McKean Democrat!* We are not as much in the dark as to the authorship of the above item, as the world is in regard to fossilized relics of prehistoric ages, that roam the earth, untrammelled in their careers of plagiarism. Mr. Glenn, referred to in the item under an assumed heading, is an energetic young man who is at present traveling in a business capacity for the MINER, but who is in no way connected with the staff of this paper. We explain the matter in justice to both Glenn and ourselves.

—The Philadelphia *Record* says: "The renewed interruption to travel on the Northern Central, Beech Creek, Pine Creek and Reading lines penetrating the valleys of the West Branch of the Susquehanna and of its larger tributary streams indicates faulty engineering. There are too many bridges and they are too flimsily constructed to withstand the sudden floods that are poured down from table-lands nearly denuded of original forest growths. As the woods disappear the falling rains have an unobstructed course, and the streams rise to a greater height and fall more quickly than they did before the mills and tanneries were built and the trees cut away. The railroads must be adapted to the new order of things or suffer the consequences."

—Mrs. Mary Anderson the oldest resident of McKean county, died at the residence of her son, James A. Anderson, in Hamilton township, last Tuesday morning, at the ripe old age of 103 years. Three sons, James A., Abraham and Isaac, the latter living at Erie, survive her. The *Star* of Tuesday says: "Mrs. Anderson's maiden name was Bainbridge, and she was born in Yorkshire, England, September 30, 1787, during the reign of George III, and two years before the adoption of the American Constitution. Her husband was an officer in the English army, and at the battle of Waterloo commanded the 88th Irish regiment, which was one of the last to leave the field, and received seven ugly sabre wounds. In July, 1829, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson came to America with their eleven children, and in June, 1830, settled in the wilds of McKean county. Six years after, on the coldest day of December ever recorded in the history of the county, her husband was frozen to death in the forest, and the widow was left to struggle alone in the wilderness." The funeral service was held at the residence of her son Thursday afternoon.

### Installation Services.

The officers elect of the Iron Cross society will be installed at a public meeting in their lodge room on Wednesday evening, December 11th. The opening service will begin at 8 p. m.

An address will be delivered by E. R. Mayo, Esq. The music will be by the St. Cecilian society. A cordial invitation is extended to all friends of the society to be present on this occasion. No admission fee.

### Death of Mrs. John Gardner.

Died at her home in Warsaw, N. Y., November 30th, 1889, Hannah E Stevens Gardner, aged 61 years. She was the wife of Mr. John Gardner, and mother of Mrs. T. A. Morrison of this place. The deceased was a noble example of a christian wife and mother, who devoted her best energies to the faithful discharge of all of life's duties, and she bore all its burdens without a murmur. At the last she peacefully died, as she desired, in her own home, with her faithful and devoted husband, daughter and grandchildren at her bed side. Her body was laid to rest on Tuesday in the beautiful cemetery at Smethport, and her grave will be tenderly cared for by those who stood at her couch at the end of life.

### For the Monument Indebtedness.

The third subscription received by Col. Wright on "The Children's Monument Fund," came to hand on Saturday last and is from the pupils of the Oil Valley school in Otto township, taught by Miss W. S. Hubbard:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Samuel Sartore | 10 | Mary Conway | 10 |
| Rosa Sarxie | 10 | Cyrus Sharer | 10 |
| Bert Harvey | 10 | Cornelius Marrow | 10 |
| Lottie Kelley | 10 | Kate Conway | 10 |
| Granville Walker | 10 | Ross Conway | 10 |
| Louis Stetterman | 10 | Mary Ward | 10 |
| Lizzie Stetterman | 10 | John Ward | 10 |
| Lizzie Stetterman | 10 | Nora Deno | 10 |
| Ella Sharer | 10 | John Greer | 10 |
| Mary Welt | 10 | Florence Walker | 10 |
| Katie Welt | 10 | Karie McLean | 10 |
| Fred Kelley | 10 | Zella Greer | 10 |
| Zerah Trax | 10 | Della Greer | 10 |
| Harley Trax | 10 | Clyde Stetterman | 10 |
| [illegible] Mills | 10 | Maggie Conway | 10 |
| Foster Walker | 10 | George Blair | 10 |
| Mabel McLean | 10 | George Candell | 10 |
| Nettie Billings | 10 | Edward Canfield | 10 |
| Nellie Trax | 10 | Anna Welts | 10 |
| Mary Lanfield | 10 | Madge Canfield | 10 |

Total . . . . . . $3 [illegible]

### The Chautauqua House.

The above house, located on the corner of Main and Fulton streets, is one of the best arranged hotels in McKean county, and has been recently opened for the public's accommodation under the management of J. A. Yerdon, an experienced gentleman in the business. The rooms, tables and everything connected with the house is first-class, while the charges are unusually moderate. Special pains taken for the comfort of travelling men and people attending court.

### They Take the Cake.

The heavy bobs manufactured by T. H. Purtle at his shop on Water street, are acknowledged by lumbermen as being the best and most durable sleighs ever sold in Smethport. All seasoned woods in oak and hickory, and made with patent brakes if desired. Call and get his prices before buying elsewhere.

THE State Normal School of Clarion has the public schools of the town for model schools, and the members of the senior class in the Normal are paid for teaching in the model school.

### The Will of John H. Shoenberger.

Following are a number of the munificent bequests found in the will of the late John H. Shoenberger of Pittsburgh, among which is a provision of $100,000 for the Protestant Episcopal Church of the diocese of Pittsburgh:

Eight acres of land on [illegible] street and $400,000 for the building and endowment of a Church Hospital to be called St. Margaret's, as a memorial of his first wife.

$150,000 to Trinity Church, Pittsburgh, upon the condition that pew rents are abolished and that daily morning and evening prayer are said in the church. In case Trinity Church does not accept these conditions the $100,000 to go to St. Margaret's Hospital.

$25,000 to the Church Home, a home for aged people and orphans, which has been in operation since 1859.

$30,000 to the Board of Missions in the diocese of Pittsburgh.

$50,000 to the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the church.

$100,000 to the Protestant Episcopal Church of the diocese of Pittsburgh.

### Death of John Forrest, Sr.

Mr. John Forrest of Antrim, Tioga county, Pa., father of John Forrest, Esq., of this place, died at his home in Antrim on Sunday, Nov 24th, in the 83d year of his age. In the last Wellsboro *Gazette* we find the following brief sketch of his life:

Mr Forrest was born at Holytown, in Lanarkshire, Scotland, and came to this country in 1850. He was for several years in the employ of a large shipping house in the city of Brooklyn, and during the remainder of his life, until he became enfeebled by age, was employed by the Fall Brook Coal Company at Fall Brook and Antrim, removing to the latter place in 1877. He was a man of strong and sturdy character, of great keenness of intellect, and of most perfect honesty and integrity. His love for reading was and his knowledge of books would have made him remarkable in any community and any society, and his familiarity with the political history of England and Scotland, and the works of the old English authors, was such as is now rarely met with. His conversation was singularly interesting, enlivened by a keen sense of humor, and his sharp, pithy sentences, and bright, curious manner will not soon be forgotten by those who knew him.

The remains were taken to Brooklyn on Tuesday, and buried in the family lot in Greenwood cemetery.

No better butter made than Cortland county creamery. Stickney, Bell & Co. have it.

REMEMBER M. Rosenfield is here to stay and receives the latest styles every day.

### MY ALTON ITEMS.

Henry Snyder has moved back to Jefferson county, his former home.

Mrs. Rev. J. G. Bennett is able to be around again, after a few days' illness.

Philip Hafner, of Kasson, was over visiting his brother John and other relatives.

Mrs. T. H. Fraley is still confined to her bed with but very little change for the better.

Thanksgiving passed off the quietest this year ever known in the history of Alton. So much for no license.

Mark Hardie has returned home from his tour through Potter, Elk and Cameron counties, and reports business booming. So much for Republicanism.

The citizens of Alton and vicinity are much pleased to hear that the B. R. & P. R. R. Co. are going to complete the extension of their road through this section.

The quarterly meeting of the M. E. church was attended by a large delegation of all classes of people, and a more able speaker would be hard to find than Rev Bissell.

The lumbermen are busy fitting up sleighs, etc., preparing for a big winter's work, as there are about seven million feet of logs in and about the suburbs of Alton, ready to put into the mills.

We were very much pleased to hear from our Marvin Creek friends in the last MINER. Don't let this be the last. Let us hear from you every week and through the MINER, then we are sure to get it.

MOUNTAINEER.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO have just received a stock of the Cortland county creamery butter that gave such excellent satisfaction last year.

A NICE Bed room suit makes a very appropriate Holiday present. Carter at Eldred has the largest stock in the county and guarantees prices as low as the lowest, we will deliver all goods free.

### CLERMONT CHATTINGS

Hon Thos. Traynor is on duty.

Chas. Tyler was on hand yesterday.

C. W. Kennedy is the name of the young night operator here.

Samuel Bedford and Burt Frisbee are drawn on the jury for next week.

J. H. Desmond has come back to Clermont and intends to engage in business.

John Misel is putting a stock of gent's furnishing goods in his new store on Pine street.

Constable G. W. Weaver is over in Elk county hunting for some of our escaped criminals.

Who stole the jug Saturday night? is a question asked by a few prominent men that don't drink.

I am pleased to note that M. D. Pardee has moved his family here. Hope more like him will come.

Rumor has it that we are soon to have a Baptist preacher here. Another sign that the town is growing.

Mrs. W. L. Herron and children, of Keating summit, are visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Chalmers, at this place.

Misel & Hann ought to build a new plank walk in front of their business place or furnish a balloon to carry their customers.

Leonard Koenig, the well known painter and decorator from Smethport, is having his hands full of work at this place just now.

Joseph Ralston is now the agent for the *Grit*. Everbody should buy a paper from Joe, as he is a cripple, and unable to do any work.

The new sign just put up in front of the Steinhauer House is just the thing to guide the weary traveler where to find rest and a good meal.

Mr Milo Lyman, of Roulette, the only owner of the tract of land known as the Simpson and Lyman farms, was here a few days this week on business.

The Thanksgiving dance at Anderson's Opera House is reported to have been a grand affair, and no wonder, as two young men like John and Frank would make most anything a success.

Tom, to telegraph operator—"I want a pilot to take me to Clermont." Smart operator, who does not know the meaning of pilot—"Pilot, where is your cowcatcher?" Curtain falls.

Jno. O. Senbergh informs me that the price for a first-class passage from New York to Hamburgh or Liverpool has been reduced from $50 and $110 dollars to only $30. Now is the time to travel for pleasure.

C. H. Moore & Co. are to cut, peel and manufacture all the hemlock on the lands of the Buffalo Coal Company in this county, for Henry Bayard & Co. They will have their hands full for the next eight or ten years.

The Lyman and Simpson property in this township has been placed in the hands of John O. Senbergh to sell. Any one wanting to buy town lots, near the station, should apply at once, before the best business lots are sold.

Mr. F. Chalmers, the proprietor of the Bayer House, came up from Cameron and spent Thanksgiving with his family. Mr. Chalmers owns a large store at Cameron and his business will not allow him to make Clermont his home until after the first of the new year.

A free dinner was given to all the railroad boys on Thanksgiving, at the Bayer House. A few other prominent citizens were also invited. It was the only time that I ever was sorry that I was not one of the boys; but the newspaperman's lot is a hard one.

Dec. 2, '89. DOOLLY DOOLL.

THE best and cheapest Underwear in town at M. Rosenfield's.

CARTER, the Eldred Furniture dealer and Undertaker, is now showing the finest line of Staple and Fancy furniture ever shown in this country. Prices low and goods delivered free.

DROP in to Carter's at Eldred for a handsome parlor suit or fancy chair for a Christmas present. His prices are always right, and he has a large stock to select from. Free delivery of all goods.

### KANE TALK.

Society in Kane is enjoying a season of growth.

H. N. Fragner has opened a harness shop in the postoffice building.

Bad weather has had a depressing effect on business for a week or two past.

Mrs. M. Crossmire and son have returned from an extended visit in the east.

Mrs. W. B. Smith and daughter Rosie left on Monday morning to visit relatives in Williamsport.

Mrs. Maggie Grady, wife of J. H. Grady, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kane, in Toledo, Ohio.

We are pleased to state that Mrs. J. C. Myers has entirely recovered from her late serious illness.

Attorney N. M. Orr's new office on Fraley street is at present in the painters' hands and will be finished in a few days.

Dr. Armstrong has moved into his new residence, on Green street. Our next postmaster will occupy the house vacated by Dr. Armstrong.

Several Kane girls say they will never get married, unless some one in whom they can place implicit confidence, wants them to. What an idea.

Geo Welker was going to Smethport on Monday, but says he did not go because the train left about 10 minutes before he got to the depot. Here to.

Church interests seem to thrive in Kane. This is especially observable in the rapid progress that is being made toward the completion of the M. E. Church.

Chas Rathbone returned last week from West Virginia and looks as if the southern climate agreed with him. It will if he gets about five 50-barrel wells in that locality.

The Lights O' London did not O' light on Friday evening, nor did the St. Elmo change hands on Friday. It was an unlucky day for both James Collier and John Curren.

James Bros. are building a neat office near the school house. Their new hardwood manufactory, 40x100 feet, at East Kane, will be running in a few days. Still they come.

Miss Maggie Black, sister of Mrs N. Perkins, of Kane, died at Aiken, on the 27 ult. of pneumonia, aged 27 years. Her remains were brought to Kane and interred in Kane cemetery last Thursday.

Kane will soon have another big business boom. We have been requested not to mention names at present. As we never could keep a secret, we have confided it to Wm. O'Connor, who can and will.

Postmaster Keltz will, in the near future, remove the postoffice into the room next door to L. Davis & Son's furniture store. The government has leased one part of the large storeroom from J. T. & W. Griffith for five years.

"Butch" King has returned from the west with a car load of fine milch cows and says no Kaneite need drink their tea or coffee black. Well, "Butch" you must bring in at least 15 more car loads to go around this populous town.

About 75 dwelling houses have been built in Kane this season, and yet there are not near enough to supply the demand. The top of the hill is about covered with houses, so they will be compelled to build on the sloping hillsides.

J. D. Broeder has moved into the old Catholic parsonage and Dan Kelley, the liveryman, now occupies the old Broeder mansion. And Dan deserves even more than that, if one half the praise that Charley Goodwin bestows on him is true.

Fred Wilson, who was employed by J. T. Griffith, was accidently killed on the 16th ult., between Kane and Highland road crossing, by being run over by a switch engine. He leaves a wife but no children. His remains were taken to Spartansburg, his former home, for interment.

Married at the Catholic Church, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 27, Mr Geo. McClelland, of Union City, Pa., and Miss Katie Crossen of this place, Father Winkler officiating. It was such a nice wedding that all their many friends wished their troubles in this life might all be little ones, and so do we.

Axel, the five-year-old-son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Westerberg, died on Friday last of brain fever. The sight of the father and mother bending over the silent remains of their tenderly loved child was touching to all,—but a short time ago a brother and sister of little Axel were killed on the Kane & Kinzua Creek R. R. by a runaway car.

The most notable event of the season in Kane was a birthday party given on the 22d of November, by Mr. and Mrs. Emma Larson to their beautiful and accomplished daughter, Katie, it being her 16th birthday. There were fifty of her young friends present who, after partaking of an excellent supper, such as can only be prepared by Mrs. Emma Larson, spent four hours in dancing, social games and plays, when all returned to their homes highly pleased with the evening's enjoyment. The indications are, from the rare and costly presents Miss Katie received, that there is a wedding in the not far off.

HONEST RUBE.

HOLIDAY Goods at Carter's, Eldred. Fancy rockers, Easels, Pictures, Wall Pockets &c., at remarkably low prices; call and see.

TAKE the news home to Mary, and tell her that my cough has gone, and that a 25 cent bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup did the blessed work.

### DERRICK CITY.

Haven't heard what oil is to-day, but suppose its grease.

Last Saturday Frank Wilson, a young man about 18 years old, was taken to the asylum from Gillmor.

About two weeks ago a young man by the name of Fraver was drowned in an oil tank near or at Bell's Camp.

Those who never had any time from C. Sharp, Sr., can now have "heaps" of it. He has it bottled in a beautiful gold repeater which he recently purchased.

Another man will have the sympathies of the community as soon as it is known that his wife, who has been away for about six weeks on a supposed visit, will not return.

The Misses Sharp, bright, pleasant and beautiful as ever, who have been at home on a week's vacation, returned to Edinboro on Tuesday to resume their school duties.

News, reckoned numerically are scarce (have any of our grammarians anything to say in reference to this subject and its predicate) but reckoned from another standpoint, this little valley has had more than its share within two weeks.

On Saturday last Mrs Skinner, of Derrick, was buried. She leaves a husband in early middle age and two little boys to mourn her loss. The circumstances of her death were such as to send a shock through the entire community. As near as we can learn she arose as usual. Speaking to her husband he arose without delay and walked through one room and before he reached her she fell. He placed her on a bed and the little boys kissed her and she called each by their endearing name. She complained of pain in her head and became unconscious, and forty minutes from the time she arose was dead. She was a healthy woman and never was known to have any premonitory symptoms of sudden death.

The "sable winged messenger" was still hovering over our valley. In the middle of the night, Saturday, our druggist and our doctor were aroused by the alarm that the wife of one of our townsmen had taken poison. The lady still lives and is out of danger. Some are saying one thing and some another. We have no comments to put in print, only "let the mantle of charity fall." All these afflicted families have the sympathy of the entire community.

GO to M. Rosenfield's for Underwear largest and finest stock in town.

DISEASES of babyhood such as colic, flatulency, dysentery and diarrhœa, are happily relieved at once, by the prompt use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

### Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

## FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

We want to tell our lady readers of the MINER about an evening party we attended lately where a "Yankee supper" had been prepared for the guests. It is of the supper that we wish particularly to speak. It was something of a novelty at an evening party, at least it was to the editor, but every one seemed to enjoy it exceedingly, and we thought to ourselves how easily folks in the country—for this was in the city—could get up a supper like this. Here is the bill of fare:

Boston Brown Bread.
Boston Baked Beans. Cold Sliced Meats.
Pickled Tongue. Pumpkin Pie.
Doughnuts. Pickles.
Butter. Coffee.

Of course every thing should be prepared the very best way, as this was, and now the next time you have a "party" try our "Yankee supper," and see if it wont be pronounced "just excellent."

If any of our lady readers have any good recipes, which they have tried, we will be glad to publish them with the names of those sending them if desired. Let those who have any such send them on for the benefit of their sisters, and so help one another.

### CULINARY.

CRANBERRY SAUCE.—Pick over a quart of the best berries and put in a porcelain kettle with a pint of boiling water. As soon as they begin to "pop" take from the fire and press through a colander and stir in while hot, one pound of granulated sugar.

ROAST SPARE RIBS.—A roast spare rib with apple butter was never absent from the bountifully spread tables of the old-fashioned Thanksgiving dinners, and this is the way our grandmothers prepared them: Cover the meat with a greased brown paper until half done; then remove and dredge with flour, basting often. About ten minutes before taking from the oven sprinkle over it fine bread crumbs, seasoned with powdered sage, pepper, salt and a very finely chopped onion. After basting two or three times lift out the meat and place on a hot dish. Now free the gravy from fat, thicken with brown flour and season to taste, and send to the table in a hot gravy boat.

Don't forget now that cold weather is coming on, to always have the meat platter hot; also to warm the plates before bringing on the buckwheat cakes for breakfast, and we think it a good plan to soften the butter—not melt—by placing it in a warm place some time before needing it.

SCALLOPED SQUASH.—One small Hubbard squash; pare and remove the seeds, cut in small bits and boil in salted water until tender; pour off the water and dry a few minutes; mash fine; add one tablespoonful of butter, one of milk, a little salt and pepper, the raw yolk of an egg; stir all together and put in a baking dish, smooth the top and cover with bread crumbs, moisten with milk and bake one-half hour.

### FUNNY FOLK'S SAYINGS.

In the race of life it isn't the fast men who come out ahead.

The more a man becomes wrapped up in himself the chillier he gets.

Paper-hangers are about the only men who succeed in business by going to the wall.

Lady of the house—Why, you are the same man to whom I gave a loaf of my home made bread the other day.

Tramp—Yes, mum; and I merely came around to show you that I was still alive.

### BREVITY EXEMPLIFIED.

From the "Editor's Drawer" in Harper's, comes the account of a farmer being away from home for the first time, who being unable to dismiss from his mind anxious thoughts about his live stock, telegraphed his man-of-all-work as follows:

"Is things all right at the barn?
JOHN BREEN."

The reply came back.

"Things is.
ROBERT."

### DON'T SCOLD.

Parents, don't scold. It is a great misfortune to children to be reared in the presence and under the influence of a scold. The effect of the everlasting complaining and faultfinding of such persons is to make the young who hear it callous hearted, unamiable and malicious, and they often learn to take pleasure in doing the very thing for which they receive the tongue-thrashings. They lose all ambition to strive for the favorable opinion of the one who is always faultfinding and scolding, and thus their morals are ruined and they grow up hardened and heartless. If a child wilfully and knowingly does wrong, punish it; not in anger but in sorrow, and strive to make it understand that it pains you to do it, but it is necessary for its own good. It is so easy for the tired and nervous mother to get into the habit of scolding the children that we caution them against it. No, fathers and mothers, don't scold the children.

LAXADOR cures biliousness, dyspepsia, constipation, bowel complaints, etc., in a word all affections, of the liver and stomach. At all druggists.

BOOTS and Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children all sizes and widths at M. Rosenfield's.

### What to Give.

Just at this time of the year when our readers are looking for something appropriate to solve the question "what to give?" we take pleasure in calling attention to the useful holiday gifts which Hersee & Co., of Buffalo are selling.

For over 50 years this firm has maintained its excellent reputation as makers of the most reliable furniture and their prices are more for out-of-town-buyers to-day as they "pay the freight" on all orders. They will send you a catalogue free on a postal card request. See advertisement elsewhere.

### A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1890 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States, Mexico, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for over one-fourth of a century. It combines, with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1890 will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pittsburg, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

HATS and Caps the finest and best stock at M. Rosenfield's.

### Fine Instruments on Fine Ships.

As to music, the owners of the City of Paris, City of New York and Teutonic have shown the same consideration for the comfort of their passengers that they have in everything else. The two former ships are each provided with an upright piano by Mason & Hamlin, furnished in a superb case of cherry inlaid in bird's-eye maple, the design harmonizing beautifully with the room itself. These pianos contain the improved mode of stringing, invented and patented by Mason & Hamlin, which is said to peculiarly fit them for withstanding the ravages of the sea. The Paris and New York are each provided with a two-manual pedal bass organ, also by Mason & Hamlin, furnished in an exquisitely chaste case of white enamel. The saloon of the Teutonic contains a piano and also one of those marvelously beautiful and artistic instruments, viz. the Liszt organ, by Mason & Hamlin. The case of this instrument is truly a work of art. It is of old oak, highly polished, with trimmings in gold and dark brown, the total effect harmonizing beautifully with the architecture of the room. It is to be regretted that America can boast no such ships as these, but it is some comfort to the patriotic that the magnificent instruments on these ships are all of American make.—*N. Y. Sun.*

### C. G. Johnson

Has just opened his new liquor store at No. 60 State street, Olean, N. Y., where he is always pleased to meet his friends. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to. Swedish punch a specialty.

### Doctors in Prescribing Wines.

The Physicians desire to give a liquor containing the extractive parts of the grape, such as iron, grape-sugar and the other elements which give to port wine its special flavor or boquet and its singular blood making properties from the iron that is contained in the coloring principle of pure Red Wine.

Speer's New Jersey Wines, especially his Port, are grown on a brown stone shale soil, rich in iron and from vines brought from the banks of the River Douro, in Portugal, where the finest ports in the world are made, but none ever reach this country in a pure state. Speer's Wines are regarded superior to any in the market. For sale by druggists.

### 100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists'.

ENERGY, earnestness and thoroughness are marks of Edinboro Normal School students.

ATTENTION to study, intention to improve, retention of what is learned are characteristics of Normal School students, Edinboro.

### Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam for Coughs and Colds does is indeed wonderful. He authorizes all druggists to give those who call for it a sample bottle *Free*, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c and $1.00. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

### News About Town.

It is the current report about town that Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is making some remarkable cures with people who are troubled with Coughs, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Any druggist will give you a trial bottle *free of cost*. It is guaranteed to relieve and cure. The Large Bottles 50c and $1.

THE attention of the ladies of Smethport and vicinity is called to the fact that A. M. Ray the well known tonsorial artist is now prepared to do all kinds of ladies hair dressing in all the leading styles of the art at his shop on Main St., if desired he will call at their homes. Mr. Ray is a first class workman in every respect, having been in the business for the past fifteen years. He also has for sale at very reasonable prices, an excellent hair tonic.

☞ English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport. 26 42 1y

☞ ITCH, Mange, and Scratches on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist, Smethport. 26 42-1y

PROF MILLS' ORCHESTRA—Six and seven pieces. Music furnished for balls and private parties in a satisfactory manner. Terms reasonable. Address Prof. F. S. MILLS, Smethport, Pa.

### Incorporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors, a meeting of the Stockholders of the Smethport Water Company will be held at the general office of the company, in Smethport, McKean county, Pa., (which is the office of A. B. Armstrong, the treasurer of the company), on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock p. m. of said day, for the purpose of voting for or against an increase of the capital stock of said company from ten thousand dollars to thirty thousand dollars, at which time and place all the stockholders of said company are requested to be present.

ALVIN B. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 15, 1889.—tu.

MASON & HAMLIN
ORGAN AND PIANO CO.
BOSTON, NEW YORK, CHICAGO.

NEW MODEL ORGAN, STYLE 2244 — Contain as five octave, Nine Stop Action, furnished in a large and handsome case of solid black walnut, Price $99 cash also sold on the Easy Hire System at $12.37 per quarter, for ten quarters, when organ becomes property of person hiring.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS — The Mason & Hamlin "Stringer," invented and patented by Mason & Hamlin in 1882, is used in the Mason & Hamlin pianos exclusively Remarkable refinement of tone and phenomenal capacity to stand in tune characterize these instruments.

POPULAR STYLES ORGANS AT $22
$32.50, $60, $78, $96, AND UP.

*Organs and Pianos sold for Cash, Easy Payments and Rented. Catalogues free.*

If You Have
CONSUMPTION,
BRONCHITIS,
SCROFULA,
COUGH or COLD,
THROAT AFFECTION,
WASTING of FLESH,
*Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by*
SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL
With Hypophosphites.
PALATABLE AS MILK.
*Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.*
*Sold by all Druggists.*
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

ATTENTION!
Having taken the agency for the Celebrated
IVERS & POND PIANO,
of Boston, and the
STORY and CLARK ORGAN,
of Chicago, (Instruments equaled by few, and excelled by no other makes, except in prices.)
I will sell them on time and
EASY PAYMENTS,
by the month, or quarter, to suit customers.
They are warranted for five years, and if after a trial of from three to six months, they fall below the recommend, will be removed at the Company's expense, and
MONEY REFUNDED.
Liberal discounts on
CASH SALES.
A reasonable price allowed for old instruments in exchange for new.
MRS. M. E. RICHMOND,
Smethport. Pa

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SANTA CLAUS TAKES OFF HIS CAP

To our immense line of new holiday attractions. This season we surpass all previous efforts and present for selection the most complete and desirable line of

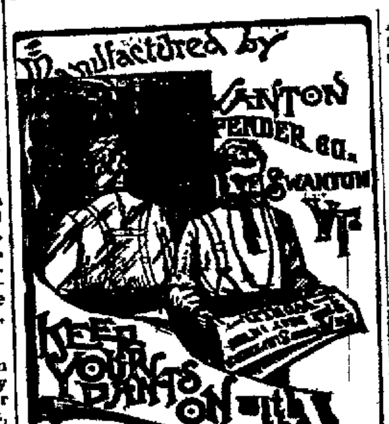
CHRISTMAS ∴ GIFTS!

ever offered the people of this vicinity.

WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE, NOVELTIES, ETC.
Presents For Old and Young at Popular Prices.
COME AND SEE THEM.

Dec. 6, 1889. M. L. ARMSTRONG, Smethport.

∴ BROWNELL BROS., ∴
SMETHPORT, PA.,


Manufactured by
Canton Suspender Co.
Swanton Vt.
Keep your pants on with the Atwood Suspender.

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,
Designed for the
HOLIDAY TRADE.

OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

GRAND ∴ OPENING
—AT—
D. C. YOUNG'S
PALACE ∴ STORE
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1889.
Come and See what Cash will do for you.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
DO YOU INTEND TO MAKE A PRESENT?
—IF SO GO TO—
REILLY'S FURNITURE AND CARPET STORE,
in Smethport and buy something useful and ornamental. There you will find the finest stock of furniture and carpets ever offered to the people of the county, and at prices that defy competition even in the large cities.
Bed-room suits, $12 to $70.
Parlor suits in all kinds of plushes from $45.00 to $100.
Rocking chairs from $1.00 to $20.00.
Carpets from 25 cents to $1.50 per yard.
Rugs from 75 cents to $12.00
An assortment of Wardrobes, Libraries and Bookcases. Easles, Pictures, Fine Steel Engravings, Window Shades, Wall Paper and Oil Cloths.
PICTURE FRAMES MADE TO ORDER.
Our goods are all new and of the latest styles and patterns. Those living at a distance can send in their orders and we will send goods and pay the freight.
ANDREW REILLY, Manager.
Nov. [illegible], 1889.

FIRST-CLASS
BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the old blacksmith shop recently occupied by [illegible], on [illegible] street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS

for all Carrying Purposes, with Patent Brake [illegible]

I Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILLENDAHL.

Smethport, Nov. 6th 1889.

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING
A SPECIALTY.
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!

BUSH & McINTOSH,
Manufacturers of
Door & Window Frames
Flooring, Siding,
Ceiling, Etc.
Sash and Blinds Furnished to Order.
CUSTOM PLANING
done on short notice.
Also manufacturers of
LEVER HANDLES, WHIFFLETREES,
NECK YOKES, AND ALL KINDS
— OF TURNED WORK —
Saws Gummed to order
Shop opposite W. N. Y. & P. depot,
East : Smethport.

DRUGS
PATENT MEDICINES,
School Books, Blank Books.
STATIONERY,
FANCY GOODS.
DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES.
NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE
DRUG & BOOK STORE
—OF—
A. B. ARMSTRONG,
SMETHPORT, PA.

EMIL THAMM,
Manufacturer of
CIGARS
And Dealer in
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
- PIPES, - ETC
49 MAIN STREET,
SMETHPORT PA.
Next door to Callan's Drug Store. July 10-3m

A VOICE [illegible]

[illegible]

Small we start 100 as the business [illegible]

[illegible] 11-89-ly

The Best
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET!
—IN—
SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with
Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.
—ALSO.—
VEGETABLES
IN THEIR SEASON.
A FIRST CLASS LINE OF
FAMILY GROCERIES
AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
A Full Line of
CANNED GOODS
Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.
C. W. WILLIAMS.
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

CURRY
Business College
SIXTH STREET, PITTSBURG, PA.

[illegible]

JAMES CLARK WILLIAMS, A. M. Prest.

It Makes You Hungry

"I have used Paine's Celery Compound and it has had a salutary effect. It invigorated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." J. T. Copeland, Primus, S.C.

Paine's
Celery Compound

is a unique tonic and appetizer. Pleasant to the taste, quick in its action, and without any injurious effect, it gives that rugged health which makes everything taste good. It cures dyspepsia and kindred disorders. Physicians prescribe it. $1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

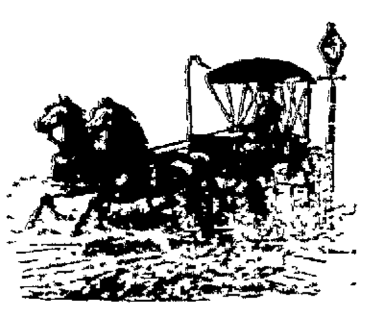
Spring medicine means more now-a-days than it did ten years ago. The winter of 1888-89 has left the nerves all fagged out. The nerves must be strengthened, the blood purified, liver and bowels regulated. Paine's Celery Compound—the Spring medicine of to-day—does all this, as nothing else can. Prescribed by Physicians, Recommended by Druggists, Endorsed by Ministers, Guaranteed by the Manufacturers to be

The Best
Spring Medicine.

"In the spring of 1887 I was all run down. I would get up in the morning with so tired a feeling, and was so weak that I could hardly get around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can cheerfully recommend it to all who need a building up and strengthening medicine." Mrs. B. A. Dow, Burlington, Vt.

DIAMOND DYES Color anything any color. Never Fail! Always sure! | LACTATED FOOD Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physician's favorite.

A. T. PALMER,



LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.
DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.
WATER STREET BARN.
—ALSO—
FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,
BENNETT HOUSE BARN.
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

ATTENTION!

I wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET -:- COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

-:- ADDING TO MY STOCK -:-

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

—OF McKEAN COUNTY.—

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, trying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them. It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Soliciting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, - Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,
HASKILL & BURDICK.
We represent the following
Old and Reliable Companies:

| | |
|---|---|
| Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia the oldest Insurance Co in the world. Assets | $8,436,391 |
| Pennsylvania Fire, | 2,890,867 |
| Franklin | 3,181,243 |
| Royal, Liverpool | 4,845,195 |
| Fire Insurance Association of London (U. S. Branch) | 893,445 |
| Sun, Fire, London | 1,848,610 |
| Hanover, New York | 2,479,654 |

Do not obtain insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,
Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.
v18n49y1

# SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

## PRACTICAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ARTS AND SCIENCES.

### How the Law Relating to the Weight of Bodies, the Center of Gravity and Stable or Unstable Equilibrium May Be Easily Demonstrated.

The laws relating to the weight of bodies, the center of gravity and stable or unstable equilibrium, may be easily taught and demonstrated by means of a number of very familiar objects. By putting into the hands of a child a box of soldiers cut in elder wood, the end of each fixed into half a bullet, we provide him with the means of making some easy experiments on the center of gravity. According to some authorities on equilibrium, it is not impossible, with a little patience and delicacy of manipulation, to keep an egg balanced on one of its ends. This experiment should be performed on a perfectly horizontal surface, a marble chimney piece, for example. If one can succeed in keeping the egg up, it is, according to the most elementary principles of physics, because the vertical line of the center of gravity passes through the point of contact between the end of the egg and the surface on which it rests.

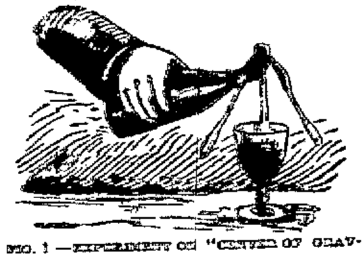


FIG. 1.—EXPERIMENT ON "CENTER OF GRAVITY."

Fig. 1 reproduces a curious experiment in equilibrium, which is performed with great facility. Two forks are stuck into a cork, and the cork is placed on the brim of the neck of a bottle. The forks and the cork form a whole, of which the center of gravity is fixed over the point of support. We can bend the bottle, empty it even, if it contains fluid, without the little construction over its mouth being in the least disturbed from its balance. The vertical line of the center of gravity passes through the point of support, and the forks oscillate with the cork, which serves as their support, thus forming a movable structure, but much more stable than one is inclined to suppose. This curious experiment is often performed by conjurers, who inform their audience that they will undertake to empty the bottle without disturbing the cork.

If a woodcock has been served for dinner, or any other bird with a long beak, take off the head at the extreme end of the neck, then split a cork so that you can insert into it the neck of the bird, which must be tightly clipped to keep it in place. Two forks are then fixed into the cork, exactly as in the preceding example, and into the bottom of the cork a pin is inserted. This little contrivance is next placed on a piece of money which has been put on the opening of the neck of the bottle, and when it is fairly balanced we give it a rotatory movement by pushing one of the forks as rapidly as we please, but as much as possible without any jerk (Fig. 2).

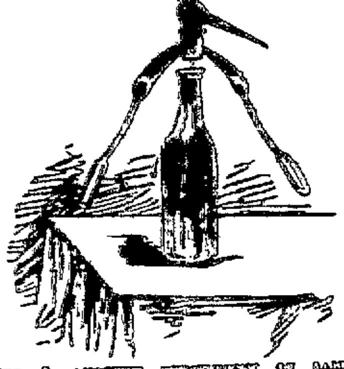


FIG. 2.—ANOTHER EXPERIMENT ON SAME SUBJECT.

We then see the two forks, and the cork surmounted by the woodcock's head, turning on the slender pivot of a pin. Nothing can be more comical than to witness the long beak of the bird turning round and round, successively facing all the company assembled round the table, sometimes with a little oscillation, which gives it an almost lifelike appearance. This rotatory movement will last some time, and wagers are often laid as to which of the company the beak will point at when it stops.

### A New Artificial Silk.

A new artificial silk is announced which is said to compare with the natural article about as celluloid does with ivory. Its preparation is described by The Analyst as follows:

Cellulose (cotton, or whatever may be available), after being treated with a mixture of nitric and sulphuric acids in equal proportion, as for the making of gun cotton, is dissolved in a mixture of alcohol and ether, to which is added some perchloride of iron or protochloride of tin and tannic acid. The solution thus obtained is placed in a vertical vessel terminating in a small tube or in a diaphragm pierced with fine holes, so that it can run out into a vessel full of water slightly acidulated with nitric acid.

The fine fluid filament which comes out takes on immediately a more or less solid consistency, and forms a thread which can be wound on a spool. The thread thus obtained resembles silk very closely, and is equally strong and elastic. It is not attacked by water, cold or warm, nor by the acids and alkalies moderately concentrated. By introducing into the solution coloring materials, one may obtain threads of any desired shade. This artificial silk is said to be extremely inflammable, an objection which it is hoped to overcome. It is probable that the nitric acid can be replaced by some other which will render it less combustible. When this progress has been realized, we shall have a new textile fabric of the greatest importance.

### Lightning on War Vessels.

Apart from the modern vessels being protected by their construction, or by special provision for the purpose, The London Electrical Review asserts that lightning does not play as destructive a part as it did forty or fifty years ago, as even those ships unprovided with conductors have suffered less damage than a smaller number of ships experienced formerly; not that modern vessels are exempt, but they seem to be struck in a manner which causes fewer fatal accidents, and in some cases even the effects of a lightning flash have borne so little trace of their origin that they have been credited to the willful act of some one on board.

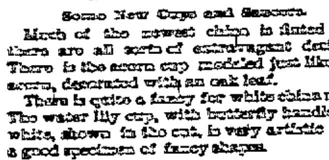
### A Superstition.

In the Faroe Islands there is a superstition that seals cast off their skins every ninth month and assume the human shape.

### Some New Cups and Saucers.

Much of the newest china is fluted and there are all sorts of extravagant designs. There is the acorn cup modeled just like an acorn, decorated with an oak leaf.

There is quite a fancy for white china now. The water lily cup, with butterfly handle, all white, shown in the cut, is very artistic and a good specimen of fancy shapes.



WATER LILY AND BUTTERFLY CUP AND SAUCER.

There are new and odd coffee cups in Doulton ware, one is shaped like an old fashioned jug, the other has a square cup and saucer. A more florid cup is a combination of Derby and Chelsea that seems to strike the popular taste. A pretty little cup is that with corn flower decoration.

Cups seem to have grown shallower and wider. The cup that wouldn't take a Roman nose has disappeared. The decoration takes all sorts of forms, lines and squares and floral designs.

### Nice Spice Cookies.

One cup of butter, one cup of sugar, one pint of molasses, one teaspoonful of soda, two tablespoonfuls of ginger, one tablespoonful of cloves, two tablespoonfuls of cinnamon and flour enough to make it sufficiently stiff to roll out.

Vaseline is an excellent thing for softening the leather of fine shoes that have become stiff and uncomfortable from being wet. Apply a light dressing and rub in well with a cloth.

FARM FOR SALE.—One mile north of Smethport. For particulars apply to
Oct. 25, 1889. C. W. FREEMAN.

# SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Alias Venditioni Exponas, Alias Fieri Facias, Pluries Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose at public sale in the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1889, AT 1 P. M.,

the following several pieces of property:

1.

Defendant's interest in all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the township of Hamlin, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Being lot number twelve [12] in warrants numbered two thousand five hundred and fifty six and two thousand six hundred and sixty-four [2556, and 2664] containing in all two hundred [200] acres of land, be the same more or less and being the same land deeded to Theodore La Wiener by Zachariah Hawkins by deed dated May 20th, 1857, and recorded in McKean county, in deed book "I," page 87, etc, and by Theodore F. Wiener and Cynthia E. his wife to John Lilly, by deed dated Aug. 11th, 1857 and recorded in McKean county, in deed book "I" page 141 etc., and by John Lilly and Sybil W., his wife, to Charles Nelson by deed dated May 10th 1887, and recorded in McKean county, in deed book No. "42" page 433 etc. Excepting and reserving from the above, however, the west one-half of the lot above described, and containing one hundred [100] acres of land more or less deeded to William Fields by Charles Nelson and Electa his wife, by deed dated April 11th, 1888 and recorded in McKean Co. in deed book No. "42," page 533, etc. Improved and having thereon 1 one and one-half story board dwelling house with one story wing attached, one one-story board dwelling house, one board shed used as a barn, about 60 young apple trees, about one acre improved and well watered.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles Nelson, at the suit of M. J. Gallup.

2

Defendant's interest in the following described real estate, to-wit: All that piece, parcel or tract of land lying, situate and being in the township of Liberty, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, more particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit: The B. G. Stone, Sr. estate situate up Lillibridge creek in said township county and state, bounded on the west by lands owned by F. E. Dolley and the school house lot No 5, on the south by lands owned by M. A. Lillibridge and C. A. Dolley, E. B. Dolley and F. H. Arnold, on the east by lands owned by E. W. Borr and Mrs. G. W. Guy or lot known as the Harris lot, and on the north by the public highway leading up said creek, containing sixty acres be the same more or less. The land described being the only land not deeded to the rest of the heirs of the late B. G. Stone, Sr., deceased. Improved and having thereon one large two-story dwelling house with wing attached, apple orchard, out buildings &c., and well watered.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Irwin Stone at the suit of B. C. Gallup.

Apple & Bouton, Pl'ff's Att'ys.

3

Defendants' interest in all the following described pieces, parcels or tracts of land situate, lying and being in the township of Annin, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post standing south thirty three degrees, east one hundred and seven [107] perches from the north east corner of land conveyed by John Keating et al to William Simar and being lot No 201 of the Keating allotment of lands in Annin township, thence south fifty seven (57) degrees, west twelve (12) rods to a post corner, thence north thirty-three degrees, west eight (8) perches to a post corner, thence south fifty seven degrees, west fourteen and eight-tenths perches to a post corner, thence south thirty-nine (39) degrees, east twenty-four (24) perches to a post corner, thence south eighty degrees, east six (6) perches to a post corner, thence north fifty-seven (57) degrees east twenty-four and one-tenth (24 1) perches to a post corner in the south side of lands of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railway Co., thence by same north forty two (42) degrees, west three and nine-tenths (3.9) perches, thence south forty-eight (48) degrees, west one and two-tenths (1 2) perches to a post corner, thence south forty two degrees, west by south line of lands of said railway company sixteen and eight-tenths (16.8) perches to place of beginning, containing four (4) acres, strict measure, be the same more or less, being part of said lot No. 201 and being part of same land conveyed by Samuel Ledyard to William Simar by deed dated Nov 13, 1843, and recorded in McKean county in deed book "I", page 441, etc. Improved.

ALSO—The "island" lying west of the above described land said to contain about three (3) acres on which is erected a sawmill with the appurtenances known as the Rooney & Dunbar mill, together with all the water privileges to said mill, also the right to dam and raise the water as conveyed by Converse Grover to Daniel Bellows and William Simar by deed bearing date June 5th, 1860, and recorded in deed book "B," page 38 etc. for the recording of miscellaneous grants in said county, granting and conveying all the rights and franchises and easements recited in a deed from Charles L. Bellows and wife to Dan'l R. Rooney et al by deed dated Feb'y 2nd, 1888 and recorded in McKean county in deed book "41" page 392, etc. Improved and having thereon one steam and water sawmill complete, one large two story frame dwelling house, one large two story frame barn and one one-and-one-half-story board store building and usual out buildings.

ALSO—Commencing at the centre of the public highway at a point in the west line of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. Co. lands, said highway being the one leading from the Allegany river road to a point near the homestead of William Simar and connecting with the public highway leading from Port Allegany to Smethport, at a point near the Grimes district school house, thence along said railroad line in a southerly direction thirty-seven [37] perches to a hemlock tree, thence in a westerly direction to the Allegany river at the mouth of a cove, thence in a northerly direction along said river about twenty four (24) perches to the river bridge, thence along the centre of said public highway to the place of beginning, containing three (3) acres, be the same more or less and the same parcel of land conveyed by Lowell L. Lillibridge and wife to Dan R. Rooney by deed bearing date Feb'y 10th, 1886 and recorded in deed book "3.," page 301, etc. Improved and having thereon four two-story board dwelling houses, one one-and a half story board dwelling house and usual out buildings.

ALSO—Beginning at a point in the centre of the public road leading from the Allegany river past the sawmill of Rooney & Dunbar and where the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. crosses said road, thence along the south line of land owned by said Rooney & Dunbar south fifty-seven degrees west twenty four and one-tenth (24 1) perches to a corner standing in the east bank of the sawmill race, thence southerly along the bank of said sawmill race to the centre of the aforesaid public road, thence easterly along the centre of the said road to the place of beginning, being the same premises conveyed by William Simar to Rooney & Dunbar by deed dated Oct. 29th, 1887. Improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Richard Gilbert and Amos Dunbar at the suit of Spencer S. Bullis.

Jack & Roberts, Pl'ff's Att'ys.

4

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Wetmore township, McKean county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the north-east corner of J. H. Ryan's lot, thence west 143 6-10 rods to the west line of sub-division No. 343, in Warrant No. 2288, thence north along said west line 121 rods to a post corner, the north west corner of said sub-division, thence east 24 8-100 rods to a post in the west right of way of the P. and E. Railroad, thence along said right of way in a south easterly direction about 170 rods to place of beginning. Containing 51 92-160 acres, more or less. Improved and having thereon three oil wells complete, 3 engines, 1 boiler, 1 boiler house, 1 tank-house, tubing, casing, sucker-rods, fittings, connections, &c., 1 hay barn, 1 small board house, 1 young orchard and about 25 acres improved.

ALSO—All that certain tract of land situate in Wetmore township, McKean county, Penna., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at E. F. Looker's corner on south side of P. & E. Railroad, thence north 160 rods to a stone corner on the old line of Hanson lot, thence east 25 rods to a stone corner on the Hanson line, thence south 160 rods to a stone corner on line of E. E. Looker lot, thence west 25 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 25 acres, more or less, being same lot conveyed to E. E. Looker by Nils Hanson, by deed dated Oct. 27, 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean Co., in deed book, vol No. 3., at page 401, &c. Unimproved. The above two parcels are leased for oil and gas production to John Ernhout, Phineas S. Ernhout and Stephen Ernhout by E. E. Looker by lease dated Nov 27, 1885, and recorded in said Recorder's office in deed book Vol 30 page 338.

ALSO—All those certain tracts or lots situate in the borough of Kane, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, in Warrant No. 3210, being lots in borough of Kane, described as follows, to-wit.

No 1—One lot comprising lots 61 and 62 and additional 60 feet in depth behind lot 61, beginning at a point in the east side of Fraley street, 235 feet south of the south-east corner of Haines and Fraley streets, thence east 160 feet, thence south 60 feet, thence west 60 feet, thence south 60 feet, thence west 100 feet to the east line of Fraley street, thence north by same 120 feet to the place of beginning. Containing 15,000 square feet, more or less. Improved and having thereon one large two-story frame hotel building, known as the "Bucktail House," with two-story opera house attached.

No 2—Also one other lot beginning at the north-east corner of lot now or late of John A. Wilson, thence by said lot south 44 feet to the north-west corner of lot of H. Menters, thence by said lot east 60 feet, thence by a certain lot 10 feet wide conveyed to said Menters by deed dated March 15, 1881, (a right of way over which is hereafter conveyed to said Looker) north 48 feet to south side of Water alley; thence by said south side of alley west 60 feet to the place of beginning. Containing 2,603 square feet, more or less, also a right of way appertaining to the said premises from a point or points thereon to the aforesaid Water Alley over and across a lot 10 feet wide heretofore mentioned and immediately adjoining the said premises on the west to pass to and fro with and without vehicles and beast of burden, etc. Improved and having thereon 2 2-story wooden dwelling houses, 1 1-story board meat market and 2 frame barns.

Reserving out of two next above described lots the right to all coal, lime, iron, petroleum and other minerals in and upon said premises and the right to enter and explore, dig for, remove and carry away the same.

No. 3—Also one other lot, being lot No. 60 of Block H, known as the Johnson lot. Beginning at a point in the east side of Fraley street, 240 feet south of the south-east corner of Haines and Fraley streets, being the south-west corner of lot contracted to Geo. Mell, thence by said lot east 100 feet, thence south 60 feet parallel to Fraley street to the north line of lot first herein described, thence by said west 100 feet to the east line of Fraley street, thence north 60 feet to place of beginning. Containing 6,000 square feet. Improved.

The three last above described lots being the same tracts and lots conveyed to Richard E. Looker by Thos. L. Kane and wife by deed dated March 16, 1881, and recorded in the office of the Recorder in deed book Vol. 11 at page [illegible].

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of E. E. Looker at the suit of H. H. Orr, trustee.

Geo. M. Orr, Plaintiff's Attorney.

5.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the borough of Smethport, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit, Beginning at a point in the south side of Water street, being the northwest corner of lands purchased of Alfred Sturdevant by Ford E. Knapp; thence east along the south line of water street sixty (60) feet to a post the northwest corner of lands of W. D. Gallup; thence south about eleven (11) perches to lands of B., N. & S. R. R.; thence west along said railroad lands sixty (60) feet to west line of said Knapp lot; thence north along said west line to the place of beginning; containing about one-fourth of an acre and being same premises contracted to said A. H. Pierce by said Ford E. Knapp by contract bearing date Nov 1st, 1880. Improved and having thereon one large two-story and basement frame hotel building, known as the "Pierce House," with one story addition on the back, one small board barn, one chicken coop and usual out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of A. H. Pierce at the suit of Ford E. Knapp now for use of A. D. Burbank.

Sheridan Gorton, Pl'ff's Att'y.

6.

Defendants' interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Keating, county of McKean and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a beech tree the south west corner of lot No. 49 of the allotment of the Bingham lands, known as the Jos Brush lot, thence west 54 perches to the east line of lot No 118 conveyed to Hull & Morse; thence by said line north 33 5-10 perches to the N. E. corner of said lot, thence north 60 degrees, E. 160 perches to a beech, thence south 285 3 10 perches, thence east 97 perches to a hemlock, thence south 174 2 10 perches to a beech, thence west 40 perches to a beech, the S. E. corner of lot No 48 aforesaid, thence by the south line of said lot No. 48 west 132 4-10 perches to the S. W. corner thereof the place of beginning, containing 395 acres more or less being part of warrants No 2252 and 2251 and being lot No 48 of the allotment of the Bingham lands and known as the Jos Brush lot and lot No. 00 of said allotment of the Bingham lands, excepting and reserving from said described lot of land 185 acres heretofore conveyed to Jno C. Backus by the administrators of the estate of Gideon Irons, deceased, by deed recorded in McKean county in deed book vol "U," page 57 &c. Improved and having thereon one large three story and basement frame building designed for a hotel, one one and one half story board dwelling house, two one story board dwelling houses, one large frame barn, two board barns, one small board tool house, usual out buildings and about 45 acres improved.

ALSO—All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Keating, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the N. E. corner of lot 119 of the allotment of the lands of the Bingham estate in Keating township, McKean County, Pennsylvania, conveyed to Andrew C. Hull and Alpha Morse, thence along the north line of said lot north 88¾ degrees west 148 perches, thence along unsold lands of the Bingham estate north 2½ degrees, east 91 5-10 perches, south 87½ degrees, east 249 perches to a sugar, and south 2½ degrees, west 27 5-10 perches and thence along line of lot No 120 conveyed to Gideon Irons north 87¾ degrees west 101 perches and south 2½ degrees west 10 8-10 perches to the place of beginning and containing 100 8-10 acres strict measure more or less and being the same land conveyed to G. J. Ormsby and A. H. Newton by Peter T. Kennedy and wife by deed dated June 16, 1886, and recorded in deed book vol "35" page 317, &c., and being lot No. 181 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Keating township and part of warrant No. 2251. Unimproved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of G. J. Ormsby, A. H. Newton at the suit of W. F. Ormsby now use of J. W. Beacom.

W. B. & J. B. Chapman, plaintiff's attorneys.
W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa., Nov. 21, 1889.

## Court Proclamation.

THE HON. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge, of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphan's and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday Oct. 18th, 1889, and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 9th day of December 1889, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables, within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 1 o'clock p. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as well as just.

Dated at Smethport Nov 17th, 1889, and in the 113th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

## Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No 138, May Term, 1889

McKEAN COUNTY ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, M. McIntosh by her next friend J. K. Brown, did on the twenty fifth day of March, 1889, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you G. W. McIntosh.

We therefore command you, the said G. W. McIntosh that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 2d Monday of December next, to answer the petition or libel of said M. McIntosh and to show cause if any you have, why the said M. McIntosh your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.
Mullin & McClure, Libellant's Attorney.
Nov. 14, 1889.

## Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 80, February Term 1889

McKEAN COUNTY ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania, to the sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Alice A. Shetlor by her next friend N. J. Stanton did on the twenty ninth day of December 1888 prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Chauncey E. Shetlor.

We therefore command you the said Chauncey E. Shetlor that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the 2d Monday of Dec. next to answer the petition or libel of said Alice A. Shetlor and show cause, if any you have, why the said Alice A. Shetlor your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.
J. K. Wallace, Libellant's Attorney.
Nov. 14, 1889.

## Incorporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county on the 9th day of December next, at 2 o'clock p. m. under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29, 1874 and the supplements thereto by H. M. Swick, J. G. Curtis, J. G. Oles, Andrew Hall and J. K. Bates for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Union Church in Ludlow," the character and object of which is the support of public worship, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid and its supplements.

APPLE & BOUTON, Solicitors.
November 13, 1889.—4w.

## Incorporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned intend to apply to a law judge of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, Pa., on Tuesday, December 10, 1889 at 2 o'clock p. m., for a charter to the "Union Church Society of Clermont, Pa," which when incorporated, will exist for the support of public worship at Clermont, McKean county, Pa. Given in accordance with the Act of General Assembly approved April 29, 1874.

JOHN O. SONBERGH,
J. H. TATE,
S. BEDFORD,
C. F. ERLANDSON,
PETER MARTIN,
JACOB HAFNER,
JACOB AMEND, &c.

Dated Nov. 18, 1889.
HAMLIN & FORREST, Solicitors.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the World there is but One Cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

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Without injurious medication.

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We will compare our goods, as to quality and price, with any other reputable establishment in City or Country.

We invite an examination of our line of Dress Goods, Dress Flannels, Cashmeres, Silk-warp and All-wool Henriettas, Dress Trimmings, Braids, Bindings, Ladies' Neckwear, Corsets and Bustles, Hamburg Edgings, Laces, Buttons, Zephyrs, Saxony and Germantown Yarns, Embroidery Silks and Art Materials, Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Towelling and Crashes.

A good line of All-wool Underwear for Ladies' Misses' and Children. Also a full line of Merino Underwear.

A large supply of All-Wool Hosiery for Ladies' Misses and Children. Bicycle Hose for Boys.

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Plush Jackets, Plush Sacques, Cloth Cloaks, Jackets and Newmarkets for Ladies and Misses. Cloaks and Gretchens for Children.

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Mrs. T. D. NASH.

Smethport Pa., October 10, 1889

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Yearly Expense, $300.
Four Payments, $125.

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Principals, Media, Pa.

## Western New York & Pa. R. R.

(FORMERLY B., N. Y. & P. R. R.)

Time Table in effect Oct. 30 1889.

Trains will leave Smethport for Larrabee's, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| BUFFALO EXPRESS, | 7 18 A. M. |
| BUFFALO MAIL | 2.33 P. M. |

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south

| | |
|---|---|
| CLERMONT MAIL, | 7 12 A. M. |
| CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N | 12.23 P. M. |

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. F. WOMMER, Ticket Agent,
R. BELL, General Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen Pass'r & T'k. Agt. Buffalo, N. Y.

## Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT AUG. 29, 1889

| WESTWARD. | | | | EASTWARD | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| p. m. | a. m. | a. m. | STATIONS | a. m. | p. m. | p. m. |
| 6 55 | 11 50 | 9 05 | ar Bradford lv | 1 50 | 2 10 | 5 40 |
| 6 20 | 11 15 | 8 30 | Kenzua Ju | 8 30 | 2 50 | 6 30 |
| 5 5 | 11 15 | 8 20 | Rew City | 8 44 | 3 00 | 6 29 |
| 5 30 | 10 39 | 7 54 | Rixford | 9 05 | 3 20 | 6 50 |
| 5 .5 | 10 34 | 7 49 | Duke Centre | 3 10 | 3 .. | 6 55 |
| 5 05 | 10 15 | 7 36 | Eldred | 9 30 | 3 50 | 7 15 |
| | | | B. E. & C. R. R. | | | |
| 3 20 | 9 25 | .. | Ceres | 10 45 | 4 35 | — |
| 3 15 | 9 10 | .. | Little Genesee | 10 55 | 4 45 | — |
| 3 05 | 9 00 | .. | Lv. Bolivar. Ar | 11 05 | 4 55 | — |
| 2 30 | 8 31 | .. | Allentown | 11 36 | 5 20 | — |
| 2 05 | 8 00 | .. | lv Wellsville ar | 12 05 | 5 55 | — |
| p. m. | a. m. | a. m. | | a. m. | p. m. | — |
| p. m. | p. m. | a. m. | | a. m. | a. m. | p. m. |
| 6 35 | 2 15 | 9 05 | ar Bradford lv | 10 15 | 7 50 | 5 40 |
| 6 20 | 1 40 | 8 50 | Kinzua Junct'n | 11 15 | 8 30 | 6 20 |
| 6 14 | 1 33 | 8 23 | Aiken | 11 21 | 8 36 | 6 26 |
| 6 09 | 1 27 | 8 17 | Davis | 11 26 | 8 42 | 6 32 |
| 6 04 | 1 20 | 8 10 | Simpson | 11 33 | 8 49 | 6 39 |
| 5 5. | 1 10 | 8 00 | Ormsby | 11 43 | 9 00 | 6 50 |
| 5 25 | 12 45 | 7 25 | Smethport | 12 05 | 9 25 | 7 15 |
| 5 40 | 12 50 | 7 35 | Mt. Jewett | 1 55 | 9 14 | 7 10 |
| 4 50 | 10 45 | 6 55 | Kane | 2 55 | 10 00 | 7 50 |
| | | p. m. | P. & W. R. R. | a. m. | | |
| — | — | 3 34 | Carlsons | 11 30 | — | — |
| — | — | | Chaffees | | — | — |
| — | — | 3 00 | Sheffield Junc. | 12 05 | — | — |
| — | — | 12 10 | Clarion | 2 15 | — | — |
| — | — | 11 10 | Foxburg | 3 20 | — | — |
| — | — | 10 40 | Parker | 3 34 | — | — |
| — | — | 10 12 | Petrolia | 4 08 | — | — |
| — | — | 9 56 | Millerstown | 4 30 | — | — |
| — | — | 9 15 | Butler | 5 20 | — | — |
| — | — | 8 30 | Callery Junc | 6 00 | — | — |
| — | — | 8 09 | Bakerstown | 6 22 | — | — |
| — | — | 7 20 | Allegheny | 7 25 | — | — |
| | | a. m. | | p. m. | | |

JNO. C. McKENNA,
Superintendent.

## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 10, 1889.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

8:30, a. m.—Day Express, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., New York 9.35 p. m., Baltimore 6 45 p. m., Washington, 8 15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

3.35 p. m.—Erie Mail daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Phila., New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 a. m., New York 9.30 a. m., Baltimore 6:45 a. m., Washington 7:30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:30 a. m.—Erie Mail daily for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:10 p. m.—Niagara Express, daily except Sunday, for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Washington 8 10 a. m., Philadelphia 8.50 a. m., Baltimore 9:30 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7.18 p. m. with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:25 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10:30 a.m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

## COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, June 20, 1887.

| AR. EASTW'D. | | STATIONS. | L'V WESTW'D | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M. |
| 6.34 | 1.17 | Coudersport | 8.00 | 5 00 |
| 6.30 | 1 13 | Hammonds | 8.04 | 5 04 |
| 6.25 | 1.08 | Fish Basket | 8.07 | 5.08 |
| 6.22 | 1.05 | Olmsted | 8.12 | 5 12 |
| 6.17 | 1.00 | Nelsons | 8.17 | 5 17 |
| 8.09 | 12.52 | Knowlton | 8.26 | 5.26 |
| 8.03 | 12 45 | Roulette | 8.31 | 5.34 |
| 7.59 | 12.40 | Pomeroy Bridge | 8.36 | 5.39 |
| 7.51 | 12.31 | Harrisville | 8.45 | 5.46 |
| 7 45 | 12.23 | Coleman | 8.54 | 5.51 |
| 7 40 | 12.17 | Port Allegany | 9.00 | 6.15 |

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

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